



# Press release

# Labour: 386 thousand hires expected by companies in February +68 thousand compared to a year ago (+21.5%), 178 thousand hard-to-find workers (46.2%)

Rome, 16 February 2023 – Companies are expected to hire 386 thousand in the month of February and 1.2 million in the February-April quarter, +68 thousand compared to February 2022 (+21.5%) and +175 thousand with respect to the same 2022 quarter (+17.1%). The positive dynamics of the demand for labor of companies in these first months of the year is also confirmed by comparing the pre-Covid levels (February 2019), with a growth of 15.6%, equal to + 52 thousand hires. The mismatch between demand and supply of labor is still growing, affecting 46.2% of the profiles sought, a value about 6 percentage points higher than a year ago. The *Excelsior Information System* bulletin, created by **Unioncamere** and **Anpal**, outlines this scenario<sup>1</sup>.

The industry has planned 132,000 hires this month. More job opportunities arrive from construction with 48 thousand workers sought, followed by manufacturing with some of the distinctive sectors of Made in Italy, led by mechatronics (22 thousand hires), followed by metallurgy and manufacture of metal products (18 thousand), food (10 thousand) and textiles, clothing and footwear industries, although the latter are still below the pre-Covid level (-15.2% on February 2019). On the other hand, the services plan 254 thousand entries and the tourism sector is confirmed as a driving force for labor demand (56 thousand entries). The contribution of trade (52 thousand) and services to people (42 thousand) is also substantial.<sup>2</sup>

178 thousand professional profiles are difficult to find, equal to 46.2% of the total hires planned in February (+5.9 p.p. on February 2022). The lack of candidates is confirmed as the main reason for the mismatch and it grows compared to last year (+5.4 p.p.), while the other reasons remain almost unchanged. Companies in the metallurgy and manufacture of metal products (58.5% of the profiles sought are difficult to find), the wood and furniture industries (56.1%), construction companies (54.9%), the textile, clothing and footwear industries (52.1%) and mechatronics companies (51.5%) are most affected by the mismatch. As regards, however, the professional figures, the Borsino Excelsior of the professions reports specialists in life sciences (80.7% is difficult to find), specialized workers involved in the finishing of construction (70.8%), foundries, welders, tinsmiths, boilermakers, metal carpentry fitters (68.5%), technicians in the management of production processes of goods and services (66.7%) and aesthetic care operators (66.2%).



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The forecasts for February are based on interviews carried out on a sample of over 108,000 companies. The interviews were collected in the period 09 January 2023 – 23 January 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>It includes Private Education and Training Services, Health, Social Care and Private Health Services, and Recreational, Cultural and Other Services to People.

There are about 69 thousand hires of immigrant personnel (18% of new hires) especially in operational services to support businesses and people and in transport, logistics and warehousing, sectors in which the share concerns a third of needs.

Fixed-term contracts are proposed at 194 thousand units, equal to 50.3% of the total, a decrease compared to February 2022 (52.7%). This is followed by permanent contracts (79 thousand units, 20.4%), those in administration (44 thousand, 11.4%), other non-employed contracts (31 thousand, 8.2%), apprenticeships (21 thousand, 5.5%), other forms of employment contracts (10 thousand, 2.6%) and collaboration contracts (6 thousand, 1.7%).

At the territorial level, 120 thousand entries are expected from companies in the North West, followed by companies in the South and islands (97 thousand), companies in the North East (92 thousand, the area that shows the greatest difficulty in finding equal to 52%) and companies in the Center (76 thousand).



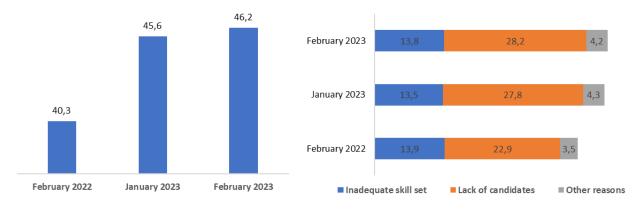
#### INFLOW OF WORKERS EXPECTED BY COMPANIES BASED ON BUSINESS SECTOR

			Variation Janua	ary - February	Variation Feb	ruary 2023 -	Variation Fe	bruary 2023 -	Variation Feb-A	pr23/Feb-
	Total inflow		2023		Februar	y 2019	February 2022		Apr22	
	planned February 2023	Planned Feb- Apr23	a.v.	%	a.v.	%	a.v.	%	a.v.	%
TOTAL	385.720	1.198.580	-117.950	-23,4	52.030	15,6	68.130	21,5	174.660	17,1
INDUSTRY	131.930	382.170	-41.870	-24,1	18.740	16,6	21.800	19,8	70.180	22,5
Manufacturing and PU	83.600	245.610	-39.740	-32,2	1.230	1,5	9.800	13,3	29.530	13,7
Food, beverage and tobacco industries	10.200	31.260	-4.130	-28,8	-350	-3,3	1.710	20,1	5.380	20,8
Textile, clothing and footwear industries	9.400	28.780	-2.150	-18,6	-1.690	-15,2	3.350	55,3	9.990	53,2
Wood and furniture industries	4.590	13.150	-2.190	-32,3	1.220	36,3	530	13,2	1.230	10,3
Paper, paper transformation and printing industries	2.500	7.470	-1.650	-39,8	240	10,5	350	16,5	1.070	16,7
Chemical-pharmaceutical, plastic and rubber industries	8.310	24.000	-5.360	-39,2	700	9,1	310	3,9	1.440	6,4
Non-metallic mineral processing and mining industries	3.270	9.330	-890	-21,3	480	17,3	440	15,5	1.010	12,2
Metallurgical and metal products industries	17.950	51.550	-9.370	-34,3	-120	-0,6	910	5,4	1.950	3,9
Mechanical and electronics industries	21.910	63.860	-12.080	-35,5	1.130	5,4	1.820	9,0	6.590	11,5
Other industries	5.470	16.210	-1.930	-26,1	-390	-6,6	370	7,2	860	5,6
Construction	48.330	136.560	-2.130	-4,2	17.510	56,8	12.000	33,0	40.650	42,4
SERVICES	253.790	816.410	-76.090	-23,1	33.290	15,1	46.330	22,3	104.480	14,7
Commerce	51.580	159.170	-8.520	-14,2	3.970	8,3	16.920	48,8	41.560	35,3
Accommodation and catering services; tourist services	56.000	209.810	-1.620	-2,8	10.360	22,7	7.990	16,6	17.330	9,0
Transport, logistics and warehousing services	29.890	90.720	-11.240	-27,3	1.440	5,1	5.190	21,0	11.690	14,8
Media and communication services	5.240	15.270	-180	-3,3	2.290	77,6	2.870	121,3	7.420	94,4
IT and telecommunications services	12.180	36.940	-6.300	-34,1	2.790	29,7	2.070	20,5	4.080	12,4
Advanced business support services	21.000	62.560	-10.350	-33,0	6.670	46,6	5.570	36,1	13.600	27,8
Financial and insurance services	3.400	10.810	-2.920	-46,2	60	1,7	-3.260	-49,0	-5.870	-35,2
Operational support services for businesses and individuals	32.630	104.750	-13.280	-28,9	-230	-0,7	4.920	17,8	14.280	15,8
Personal services	41.870	126.390	-21.680	-34,1	5.960	16,6	4.070	10,8	400	0,3

Absolute values rounded to the nearest ten. The totals may not coincide with the sum of the single values. Source: Unioncamere - ANPAL, Excelsior Information System, 2023

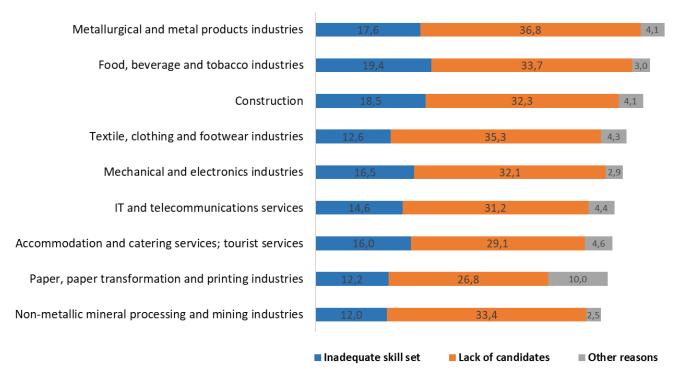


#### **DIFFICULTY IN RECRUITING AND REASONS (%)**



Source: Unioncamere - ANPAL, Excelsior Information System, 2023

#### DIFFICULTY IN RECRUITING AND REASONS (%) BASED ON BUSINESS SECTOR





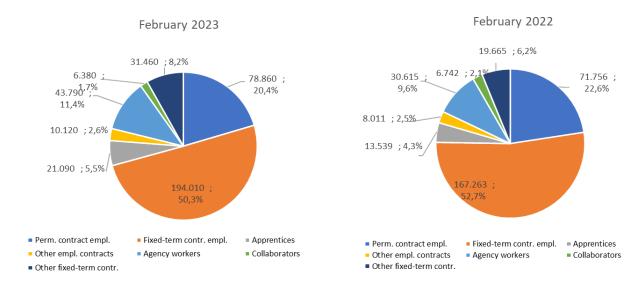
### THE PROFESSIONS MOST IN DEMAND IN THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY 2023 \* according to the classification of professions - ISTAT 2021 (3 digit)

	INFLOW EXPECTED IN FEBRUARY	Distribu tion x 1000	Difficulty in recruiting (%)	EXPECTED INFLOW February - April 2023
ENTRATE	385.720	1.000	46,2	1.198.580
DIRIGENTI	960	2,5	65,5	2.890
INTELLECTUAL, SCIENTIFIC AND HIGHLY SPECIALISED PROFESSIONS	25.940	67,3	48,3	76.340
Engineers and similar professions	5.040	13,1	54,1	15.140
Life sciences specialists	2.350	6,1	80,7	5.680
Specialists in management, commercial and banking sciences	4.740	12,3	42,3	
Specialists in application design	3.010	7,8	48,5	10.010
TECHNICAL PROFESSIONS	57.330	148,6	52,9	
IT, telematics and telecommunications technicians	7.980	20,7	53,8	
Engineering technicians	5.740	14,9	59,9	
Goods and services production processes management technicians	5.010	13,0		
Health technicians	8.740	22,7		
Technicians of the organisation and administration of production activities Market relations technicians	5.140	13,3	48,0	
Commercial distribution technicians and similar professions	11.260 3.510	29,2 9,1	49,5 58,6	
Teachers in vocational training, instructors, coaches, athletes and similar profe		6,3	32,7	
-				
IMPIEGATI Secretarial and general affairs office staff	<b>32.310</b> 13.310	<b>83,8</b>	-	
Counter and money transactions office staff	2.410	34,5 6,3	36,7 33,2	
Customer reception and information office staff	8.150	21,1		
Logistics administrative management office staff	3.960	10,3	38,5	
Economic, accounting and financial management office staff	3.140	8,1		
SKILLED PROFESSIONS IN COMMERCIAL ACTIVITIES AND IN SERVICES	87.620	227,2		
Sales people	28.640	74,3		
Catering business operators	43.380	112,5	52,0	
Qualified professions in health and social services	5.730	14,9	48,6	
Aesthetic care operators	3.330	8,6	66,2	10.180
Skilled professions in personal services	3.220	8,4	39,9	9.550
Qualified professions in security, security and custody services	2.030	5,3	19,3	7.740
OPERAI SPECIALIZZATI	70.980	184,0	59,6	206.470
Artisans and specialised labourers in construction and building maintenance	19.970	51,8	49,6	56.280
Building finisher artisans and specialised labourers	12.700	32,9	70,8	36.130
${\tt Smelters, welders, tinsmiths, boilermakers, metal structure fitters and similar}$	7.320	19,0	68,5	21.210
Blacksmith ironworkers, tool makers and similar professions	3.590	9,3	64,6	
Artisan mechanics, fitters, repairers and maintenance technicians for stationar		24,8	61,9	
Electrical and electronic equipment installation and maintenance artisans and		11,3	56,3	
Artisans and specialised workers in food processing	3.090	8,0	59,9	
Artisans and specialised workers in textile and clothing	2.630	6,8	63,0	
PLANT OPERATORS AND STATIONARY AND MOBILE MACHINERY OPERATORS	52.960	137,3	46,9	
Automatic and semi-automatic machinery workers for metal processing and for		13,4	58,5	
Operators of machinery for the manufacture of rubber items and plastic materia Workers assigned to machinery in the industry of textiles, garments and simila		6,8 7,6	41,7	
Workers assigned to assembly of industrial products	2.910 5.310	13,8	49,6 41,4	
Workers assigned to asserting or industrial products Workers assigned to industrial product packaging machines	3.030	7,9	25,0	
Motor vehicle drivers	19.880	51,5	55,1	
Operators of earthmoving, lifting and material handling machinery	6.190	16,0		
UNSKILLED PROFESSIONS	57.630	149,4	32,5	
Unskilled staff assigned to moving an delivery of goods	20.170	52,3	29,5	
Unskilled cleaning service staff	26.100	67,7		
Unskilled staff assigned to custodial services for buildings, equipment and god		6,7	26,9	
Unskilled staff assigned to construction services	2.880	7,5	48,4	
Unskilled staff assigned to manufacturing	3.590	9,3		

For further information, see the website: http://excelsior.unioncamere.net



#### INFLOW OF WORKERS FORECAST BY COMPANIES BY CONTRACT TYPE (a.v.; %)



Source: Unioncamere - ANPAL, Excelsior Information System, 2023



The fields of study most in demand								
		Expected inflow (a.v.)	% of the total	% diff recruiting	% with experience			
UNIVERSITY		61.440	16%	51%	86%			
Economics specialisation		16.0	690	44%	81%			
Engineering specialisation		15.92	D	55%	85%			
Teaching and education specialisation	7.290			47%	94%			
Healthcare and paramedical specialisation	5.060			63%	90%			
Mathematical, physical and computer sciences specialisation	3.810			55%	84%			
HIGHER TECHNICAL EDUCATION (HTE)		3.260	1%	60%	79%			
SECONDARY (5-year diploma)		115.660	30%	45%	68%			
Administration, finance and marketing specialisation		32.37	0	33%	62%			
Tourism, food and wine and hospitality specialisation	14.190		-	54%	74%			
Mechanics, mechatronics and energy specialisation	12.850			60%	69%			
Transportation and logistics specialisation	8.630			39%	60%			
Social and healthcare specialisation	8.090			50%	82%			
Professional QUALIFICATION (3-year) or Professional DIPLOMA (4-year)		70.390	18%	54%	70%			
Mechanical specialisation			14.230	60%	65%			
Catering specialisation		11.410		55%	80%			
Electrical engineering	6.69	00		69%	65%			
Logistics systems and services specialisation	5.720			37%	49%			
Contruction specilisation	5.540			52%	93%			





## THE INFLOW IN THE TERRITORIES IN THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY 2023 AND IN THE PERIOD OF FEBRUARY - APRIL 2023

	February Forecaste % difficult to d inflow recruit		February - April Variations (a.v.) 2023		ions (a.v.)	- % variation forecasted inflow		
			Forecasted inflow	February 2023/2022	Feb - Apr 23/ Feb - Apr 22	February 2023/2022		
PIEMONTE	26.470	49,8	78.630	+3.130	+9.540			
VALLE D'AOSTA	840	56,2	2.330	+200	+220			
LOMBARDIA	83.470	44,7	247.460	+14.170	+28.260			
LIGURIA	9.410	44,1	33.500	+1.810	+4.510	<b>4</b> 8		
TRENTINO ALTO ADIG	8.860	55,4	30.820	+1.700	+2.890			
VENETO	39.450	51,5	123.990	+5.290	+13.040			
FRIULI VENEZIA GIULI	8.150	54,3	25.290	+810	+1.620			
EMILIA ROMAGNA	35.980	51,3	111.800	+6.150	+15.180			
TOSCANA	24.000	48,2	82.580	+5.650	+16.980	-16		
UMBRIA	4.230	54,2	14.030	+940	+2.780			
MARCHE	9.710	48,9	30.180	+2.370	+6.040			
LAZIO	38.530	39,2	115.490	+11.500	+29.510			
ABRUZZO	7.830	51,0	23.310	+1.010	+4.190			
MOLISE	1.390	42,6	3.900	+140	+200			
CAMPANIA	30.400	41,9	96.850	+5.290	+15.810	A Real Provide State		
PUGLIA	19.220	41,1	59.350	+2.580	+7.460	A CONTRACTOR		
BASILICATA	2.530	47,5	7.600	+290	+230			
CALABRIA	6.520	43,7	19.160	+1.470	+4.070			
SICILIA	20.530	40,3	63.720	+2.850	+9.320			
SARDEGNA	8.230	43,9	28.600	+780	+2.790			
NORTH WEST	120.190	45,9	361.920	+19.310	+42.540			
NORTH EAST	92.440	52,0	291.900	+13.950	+32.740			
CENTRAL	76.460	44,1	242.280	+20.460	+55.320			
SOUTH AND ISLANDS	96.630	42,6	302.480	+14.410	+44.070			
ITALY	503.670	45,6	1.307.070	+46.020	+148.920			

