

Press release



Labour: 408 thousand hirings expected by companies in February

The forecasts are positive for trade, tourism, personal services and construction; manufacturing is declining. 201 thousand hirings are difficult to find

Rome, 15 February 2024 – There are approximately 408 thousand hirings expected by companies for the month of February and 1.3 million for the February-April quarter, +22 thousand compared to February 2023 (+5.7%) and +114 thousand with reference to the entire quarter (+9.5%). The difficulty in recruiting rises to 49.3% (+3.1 percentage points compared to a year ago). This scenario is outlined by the Excelsior Information System Bulletin, created by **Unioncamere** in collaboration with **Anpal**¹.

In February the manufacturing industry is looking for 82 thousand workers and in the February-April quarter the expected hirings will be 245 thousand, declining compared to last year (-1.8% on the month and -0.4% on the quarter). However, construction continues to have a positive sign, with 50 thousand entries planned for the month (+3.5%) and 145 thousand in the quarter (+6.2%). But it is above all the services that determine the positive trend in hiring for February with around 276 thousand in the month (+8.6%) and 923 thousand in the quarter (+13.1%). Trade is creating more job opportunities with 60 thousand hirings expected in the month (+16.6%) and 189 thousand in the quarter (+18.9%), followed by tourism with 58 thousand entries in the month (+4.1%) and 246 thousand in the quarter (17.4%) and by services to people² with 49 thousand entries in the month (+18.4%) and 150 thousand in the quarter (+18,9%).

In February, 201 thousand professional profiles are difficult to find, equal to 49.3% of the total expected hirings, mainly due to the lack of candidates (31.3%), followed by inadequate preparation (14.4%) and other reasons (3.6%). Those most affected by the mismatch are the wood and furniture industries (65.5% of the profiles searched for are difficult to find), the metallurgy and manufacturing of metal products companies (62.0%), the textile, clothing and footwear (61.2%), construction companies (58.9%) and mechatronics companies (57.3%). From the Borsino of professions, it is difficult to find on the market specialized workers involved in finishing constructions (70.7%), casters, welders, tinsmiths, boilermakers, metal carpentry assemblers (70.5%), artisan mechanics, assemblers repairers, maintenance workers on fixed and mobile machines (69.8%), technicians managing the production processes of goods and services (68.9%), blacksmiths, tool builders (68.1%), care workers aesthetics (66.2%) and technicians in the engineering field (66.1%).

Approximately 82 thousand immigrant personnel are expected to be hired (approximately 20% of revenue), especially in operational support services for businesses and people, in the transport, logistics and warehousing and construction sectors, sectors in which the share concerns one third of the needs .The contracts proposed for February are mostly fixed-term (51.9% of the total), while permanent contracts are expected for 82 thousand hires (20.1% of the total).

At a territorial level, 128 thousand entries are expected in the regions of the North West, followed by the South and islands (104 thousand), the North East (93 thousand, an area that shows the greatest difficulty in obtaining equal to 55.3%) and the Center (82 thousand).

² Includes Private Education and Training Services, Private Health, Social Care and Health Services and Recreation, Cultural and Other Personal Services



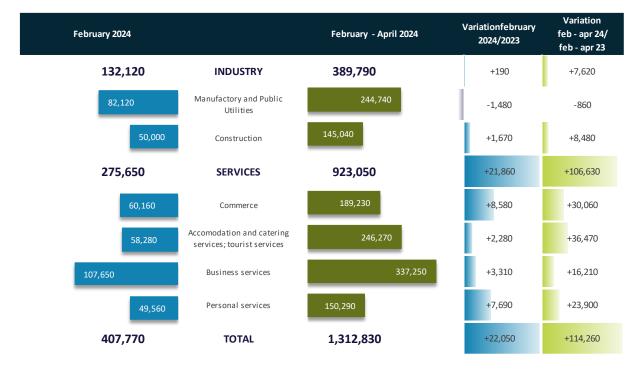






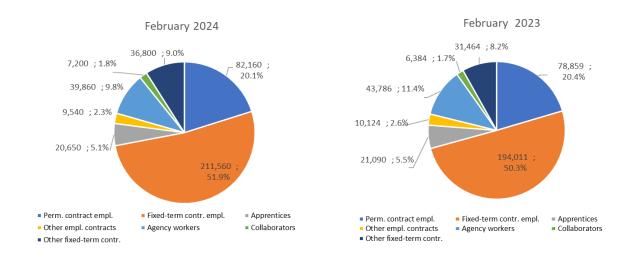
¹ The January forecasts are based on interviews conducted on a sample of around 121 thousand companies. The interviews were conducted between 13 and 30 of November 2023.

INFLOW OF WORKERS EXPECTED BY COMPANIES BASED ON BUSINESS SECTOR (a.v.; %)

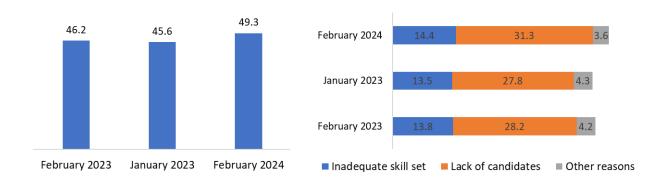


Absolute values rounded to the nearest ten. The totals may not coincide with the sum of the single values. Source: Unioncamere - ANPAL, Excelsior Information System, 2024

INFLOW OF WORKERS FORECAST BY COMPANIES BY CONTRACT TYPE (a.v.; %)

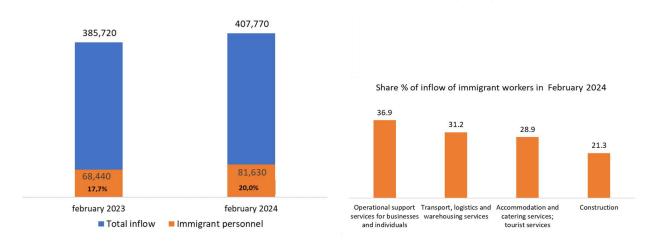


DIFFICULTY IN RECRUITING AND REASONS (%)



Source: Unioncamere - ANPAL, Excelsior Information System, 2024

INFLOW OF IMMIGRANT PERSONNEL AND MAIN SECTORS HIRING IMMIGRANT WORKERS (a.v.; %)



THE PROFESSIONS MOST IN DEMAND IN THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY 2024 *

according to the classification of professions - ISTAT 2021 (3 digit)

INFLOW

Distribu Difficulty in

INFLOW

EXPECTED

EXPECTED IN tion recruiting February - April x 1000 **FEBRAURY** (%) 2024 2024 1,000 **INFLOW** 407,770 49.3 1,312,830 **MANAGERS** 1.160 2.8 67.3 3.130 Directors and general managers of companies 230 0.6 47.2 580 260 53.9 750 Directors and departmental managers of companies 0.6 Entrepreneurs and managers of small companies 660 1.6 80.6 1.780 INTELLECTUAL, SCIENTIFIC AND HIGHLY SPECIALISED PROFESSIONS 28,400 69.6 43.5 82,000 10.5 55.8 4,260 14,100 Specialists in management, commercial and banking sciences 5.280 15.420 13.0 34.3 Other education and training specialists 2,590 6.3 39.1 7,090 2.780 59.1 8,960 Analysts and experts in designing applications 6.8 TECHNICAL PROFESSIONS 57,560 176,010 141.2 56.7 IT, telematics and telecommunications technicians 6,760 57.6 21,280 16.6 Engineering technicians 5,330 13.1 66.1 16,580 Goods and services production processes management technicians 4,770 11.7 68.9 14,660 Health technicians 9.810 24.1 64.5 28.610 Technicians of the organisation and administration of production activities 5.140 12.6 52.0 16.510 Technicians of financial and insurance activities 2.300 5.6 40.8 7.590 Market relations technicians 11.960 29.3 55.3 35.540 Commercial distribution technicians 3.720 56.3 11.580 9.1 Teachers in professional training, instructors, coaches, athletes 2,740 6.7 48.2 7,970 **OFFICE WORKERS** 36,040 88.4 32.2 117,700 Secretarial and general affairs office staff 15,840 38.9 32.1 48.620 8.920 34.650 Customer reception and information office staff 21.9 31.4 12,790 Logistics administrative management office staff 4,140 10.2 34.1 Economic, accounting and financial management office staff 3.200 7.9 36.2 9.910 SKILLED PROFESSIONS IN COMMERCIAL ACTIVITIES AND IN SERVICES 95,110 233.2 46.4 348.020 Sales people 35.590 87.3 31.6 113,420 101.5 Catering business operators 41,370 56.8 178,460 Qualified professions in health and social services 5.910 55.1 18.260 14.5 4,540 11.1 12,550 Beauty treatment professionals 66.2 3.750 37.8 11.830 Skilled professions in personal services 9.2 74,870 ARTISANS, SPECIALISED LABOURERS AND AGRICULTURALISTS 222,580 183.6 64.4 20.830 59.180 Specialised labourers in construction and building maintenance 57.6 51.1 Building finisher artisans and specialised labourers 11.840 29.0 70.7 35.670 7,730 Smelters, welders, tinsmiths, boilermakers, metal structure fitters and similar profession. 19.0 70.5 24.450 Blacksmith ironworkers, tool makers and similar professions 4.330 10.6 68.1 12.280 9.590 23.5 69.8 29,190 Artisan mechanics, fitters, repairers and maintenance technicians for stationary and mobil Electrical and electronic equipment installation and maintenance artisans and specialised 6,160 15.1 62.9 18,090 Artisans and specialised workers in food processing 3,590 8.8 57.8 10,210 Artisans and specialised workers in textile and clothing 2,860 7.0 62.3 9,000 PLANT OPERATORS AND STATIONARY AND MOBILE MACHINERY OPERATORS 52,400 128.5 53.8 158,330 Automatic and semi-automatic machinery workers for metal processing and for mineral p 4.500 11.0 59.9 12,410 Conductor of manufacturing rubber and plastic materials 2.030 5.0 39.6 5.820 Workers assigned to machinery in the industry of textiles, garments and similar 3.170 7.8 67.5 9.810 Workers assigned to assembly of industrial products 5,400 13.2 50.5 13,930 Workers assigned to industrial product packaging machines 2.850 7.0 27.5 8.460 2,030 6,630 Workers assigned to fixed machinery for the food industry 5.0 31.5 66,320 Drivers of motor and animal-drawn vehicles 21.160 51.9 62.3 Operators of earthmoving, lifting and material handling machinery 5,510 13.5 47.0 18,150 Unskilled staff assignet to construction 62.230 152.6 37.2 205,060 Unskilled staff assigned to moving an delivery of goods 22,120 36.0 63,050 54.2 Unskilled cleaning service staff 30,560 74.9 38.7 108,120 Unskilled construction personnel 3,340 8.2 37.6 9,960 Unskilled staff assigned to manufacturing 2.600 6.4



^{*} The professions requested for the main professional groups are presented here. The sum of the inflow of workers for each "group shown", therefore, does not correspond to the total.

THE INFLOW IN THE TERRITORIES IN THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY 2024 AND IN THE PERIOD FEBRUARY - APRIL 2024

	February 2024		February - Variation (a.v.) April 2024		Variation % forecast inflo	
	INFLOW FORECAST	% diff. recruiting	INFLOW FORECAST	february 2024/2023	feb - apr 24/ feb - apr 23	february 2024/2023
PIEMONTE	27,370	49.5	85,160	+910	+6,530	
VALLE D'AOSTA	910	51.9	2,710	+70	+380	
LOMBARDIA	88,910	48.3	270,850	+5,430	+23,390	
LIGURIA	10,540	53.9	39,150	+1,130	+5,650	
RENTINO ALTO ADIGE	8,740	57.4	33,200	-110	+2,380	
ENETO	40,130	55.3	129,740	+680	+5,750	
RIULI VENEZIA GIULIA	8,480	57.6	27,130	+320	+1,840	
MILIA ROMAGNA	36,150	54.3	117,190	+170	+5,390	
SCANA	25,460	54.8	91,240	+1,460	+8,660	
IBRIA	4,570	57.7	15,130	+340	+1,100	
RCHE	9,360	54.2	31,360	-350	+1,180	~ C.P.
10	42,680	39.4	128,470	+4,160	+12,990	
RUZZO	8,250	53.2	25,010	+420	+1,700	
LISE	1,350	48.7	4,170	-40	+270	
MPANIA	34,490	44.1	112,330	+4,090	+15,470	**************************************
GLIA	20,730	45.8	66,060	+1,510	+6,710	1
SILICATA	2,620	48.7	8,210	+90	+610	
LABRIA	6,750	46.9	21,120	+230	+1,960	
CILIA	21,770	45.4	71,730	+1,250	+8,010	
RDEGNA	8,530	48.3	32,880	+300	+4,280	
ORTH WEST	127,720	49.1	397,870	+7,540	+35,950	
ORTH EAST	93,500	55.3	307,270	+1,060	+15,370	
NTRAL	82,060	46.9	266,200	+5,600	+23,930	
UTH AND ISLANDS	104,480	46.1	341,500	+7,850	+39,020	
LLY	407,770	49.3	1,312,830	+22,050	+114,260	