

Press release

Labour: 494 thousand hirings expected by companies in May (+5.8%) and 1.6 million by July

The South and the Islands lead the way with 140 thousand hirings expected (+11.9%)

Rome, 9 May 2024 – There are just under 494 thousand hiring contracts (lasting more than one month or for an indefinite period) planned by companies in May and almost 1.6 million for the May-July quarter, with an increase in job demand of around 27 thousand units compared to in May 2023 (+5.8%) and by almost 35 thousand units in the corresponding quarter (+2.2%). The industry as a whole plans more than 136 thousand hirings in the month and over 410 thousand in the quarter, with growth of 3.5% and 2.4% respectively compared to a year ago. Service companies are looking for 357 thousand workers in the month and around 1.2 million in the quarter, with increases of 6.7% and 2.2% respectively compared to the same period of 2023. The South and Islands the territorial area more dynamic with 140 thousand contracts expected. This scenario is outlined by the Excelsior Information System Bulletin, created by **Unioncamere** in collaboration with **Ministry of Labour and Social Policies**¹.

In May, the manufacturing sector is looking for 85 thousand workers which rises to 262 thousand in the quarter. The mechatronics industries offer the greatest job opportunities (22 thousand contracts to be activated in the month and 65 thousand in the quarter), followed by those of metallurgy (16 thousand in the month and 48 thousand in the quarter), agri-food (12 thousand in the month and 45 thousand in the quarter) and fashion (10 thousand in the month and 29 thousand in the quarter). The construction sector, however, plans 51 thousand hirings for the month and 148 thousand hirings in the quarter. The demand for work in the tourism sector is also significant, also due to the approach of the summer season, with 119 thousand job opportunities offered in the month and 405 thousand in the May-July quarter. Finally, there are many job opportunities offered by commerce with 69 thousand entries planned for the month and 220 thousand in the quarter. This is followed by personal services (around 53 thousand contracts in the month and 188 thousand in the quarter) and operational support services for businesses and people (39 thousand in the month and 125 thousand in the quarter). The mismatch between job supply and demand is still high: in May, 48.2% of the professional profiles sought were difficult to find, a difficulty mainly attributable to the lack of candidates, with around 238 thousand job positions at risk of remaining unfilled. The Borsino Excelsior of the professions reports among the most difficult profiles to find mainly specialized worker figures such as workers assigned to machinery in the textile and clothing industry (78.9% are difficult to find), specialized workers assigned to construction finishings (76 .9%), blacksmiths and tool makers (76.8%), foundry workers, welders, tinsmiths, boilermakers, assemblers of metal carpentry (73.5%). There is also a high level of difficulty in finding suitable candidates for technicians managing the production

¹ The May forecasts are based on interviews conducted on a sample of more than 108 thousand companies in the period 18 March 2024 - 03 April 2024.



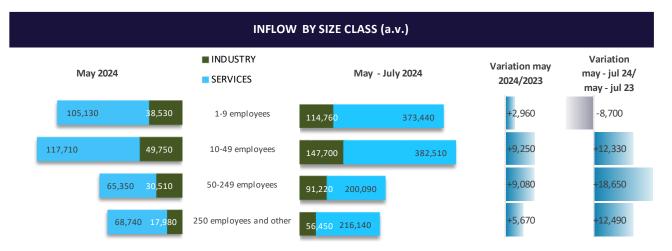




processes of goods and services (68.5%), technicians in the engineering field (64.7%), health technicians (62.1%) and engineers (58.8%).

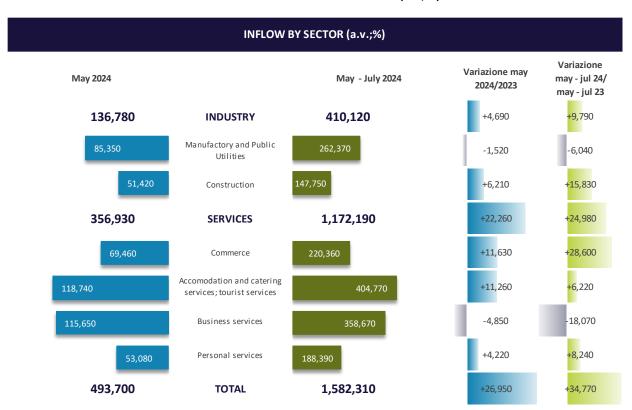
The demand for immigrant workers is substantially stable compared to 12 months ago, equal to 19.7% of the total (97 thousand hirings). The demand for foreign labor is concentrated above all in operational support services for businesses and people (32.6% of hirings), transport, logistics and warehousing services (30.6%), metallurgy (23.4%), construction (23.1%) and tourism (20.2%). At a territorial level, after the greater liveliness of companies in the South and Islands (+15 thousand, +11.9%), followed by the North West (7 thousand, +5.5%), Center (3 thousand, +3.3%) and North East (1.6 thousand +1.4%).

INFLOW OF WORKERS EXPECTED BY COMPANIES BASED BY SIZE CLASS (a.v.; %)

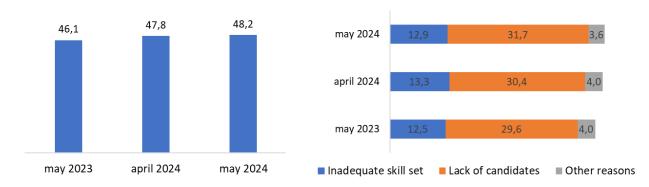


Source: Unioncamere - Ministry of Labour and Social Policies, Excelsior Information System, 2024

INFLOW OF WORKERS EXPECTED BY COMPANIES BASED ON BUSINESS SECTOR (a.v.; %)

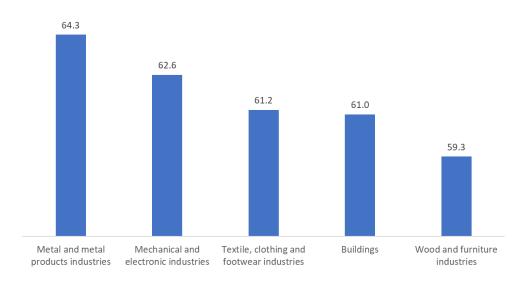


DIFFICULTY IN RECRUITING AND REASONS (%)



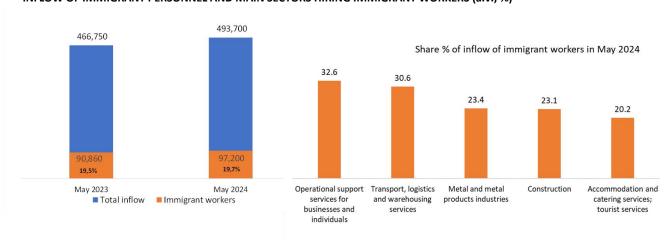
Source: Unioncamere - Ministry of Labour and Social Policies, Excelsior Information System, 2024

THE SECTORS WITH GREATER DIFFICULTY IN RECRUITING (%)



Source: Unioncamere - Ministry of Labour and Social Policies, Excelsior Information System, 2024

INFLOW OF IMMIGRANT PERSONNEL AND MAIN SECTORS HIRING IMMIGRANT WORKERS (a.v.; %)



THE PROFESSIONS MOST IN DEMAND IN THE MONTH OF MAY 2024 *

according to the classification of professions - ISTAT 2021 (3 digit)

	INFLOW EXPECTED IN MAY 2024	Distribu tion x 1000	Difficulty in recruiting (%)	INFLOW EXPECTED may - july 2024
ENTRATE	493,700	1,000	48.2	1,582,310
MANAGERS	920	1.9	50.9	2,640
Directors and general managers of companies	260	0.5		800
Directors and departmental managers of companies	240	0.5		750
Entrepreneurs and managers of small companies	420	0.9	44.2	1,090
INTELLECTUAL, SCIENTIFIC AND HIGHLY SPECIALISED PROFESSIONS	25,670	52.0	51.0	77,400
Engineers	5,480	11.1	58.8	15,050
Specialists in management, commercial and banking sciences	5,520	11.2		16,100
Analysts and experts in designing applications	2,500	5.1	53.3	7,790
TECHNICAL PROFESSIONS	54,290	110.0		168,520
IT, telematics and telecommunications technicians	6,460	13.1		19,910
Engineering technicians	5,120	10.4		16,330
Goods and services production processes management technicians	4,990	10.1		14,390
Health technicians Technicians of the organisation and administration of production activities	8,150 5,210	16.5 10.6		25,520 16,600
Technicians of the organisation and administration of production activities	2,110	4.3		6,500
Market relations technicians	11,450	23.2		34,200
Commercial distribution technicians	2,630	5.3		7,060
OFFICE WORKERS	42,210	85.5	32.9	127,030
Secretarial and general affairs office staff	15,910	32.2		48,680
Customer reception and information office staff	14,630	29.6		43,410
Logistics administrative management office staff	4,050	8.2	26.9	12,180
Economic, accounting and financial management office staff	3,840	7.8	39.1	10,290
SKILLED PROFESSIONS IN COMMERCIAL ACTIVITIES AND IN SERVICES	154,420	312.8	45.1	540,840
Sales people	43,040	87.2	28.1	142,720
Catering business operators	90,370	183.1	52.2	320,820
Qualified professions in health and social services	6,080	12.3		22,230
Beauty treatment professionals	4,370	8.9		12,970
Skilled professions in personal services	3,610	7.3		13,990
Qualified professions in security, surveillance and custodial services	5,290	10.7		21,420
ARTISANS, SPECIALISED LABOURERS AND AGRICULTURALISTS	77,920	157.8		234,050
Specialised labourers in construction and building maintenance	19,890	40.3		54,090
Building finisher artisans and specialised labourers Smelters, welders, tinsmiths, boilermakers, metal structure fitters and similar professio	14,870 n: 6,850	30.1 13.9		43,970 21,070
Blacksmith ironworkers, tool makers and similar professions	3,520	7.1		12,450
Artisan mechanics, fitters, repairers and maintenance technicians for stationary and mob		19.1		29,800
Electrical and electronic equipment installation and maintenance artisans and specialise		13.4		20,390
Artisans and specialised workers in food processing	3,870	7.8	51.8	13,220
Artisans and specialised workers in textile and clothing	3,320	6.7	60.6	9,090
PLANT OPERATORS AND STATIONARY AND MOBILE MACHINERY OPERATORS	52,210	105.8	54.4	164,880
$\label{processing} Automatic and semi-automatic machinery workers for metal processing and for mineral automatic machinery workers for metal processing and for mineral processing and for miner$	p 4,370	8.9	69.8	11,860
Workers assigned to machinery in the industry of textiles, garments and similar	3,530	7.2	78.9	9,040
Workers assigned to assembly of industrial products	4,190	8.5		12,320
Workers assigned to industrial product packaging machines	3,340	6.8		11,940
Drivers of motor and animal-drawn vehicles	21,390	43.3		66,490
Operators of earthmoving, lifting and material handling machinery	5,520	11.2		18,830
UNSKILLED PROFESSIONS	86,070	174.3		266,960
Unskilled staff assigned to moving an delivery of goods	26,080	52.8		74,670
Unskilled cleaning service staff Unskilled staff custodian services for buildings, equipment and goods	45,400 3,610	92.0 7.3		148,610 10,740
Unskilled construction personnel	2,680	7.3 5.4		8,320
Unskilled staff assigned to manufacturing	4,990	10.1		12,900

^{*} The professions requested for the main professional groups are presented here. The sum of the inflow of workers for each "group shown", therefore, does not correspond to the total.









THE INFLOW IN THE TERRITORIES IN THE MONTH OF MAY 2024 AND IN THE PERIOD MAY - JULY 2024

