









EXCELSIOR INFORMA

COMPANY EMPLOYMENT SCHEMES OBTAINED FROM THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE SYSTEM

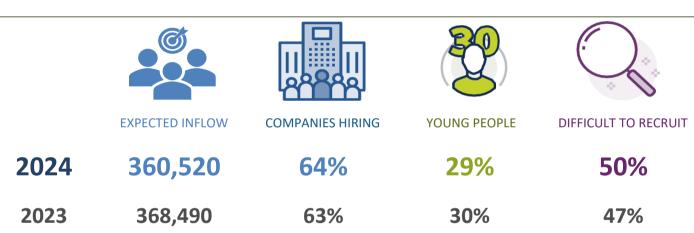
Year 2024 Toscana

Introduction

After three years of sustained growth, planned labor demand from businesses in 2024 has stabilized at the previous year's levels, with approximately 5.5 million contracts planned to support company workforces. This stability in hiring flows corresponds to an increase in the number of companies intending to hire, which this year nears 850,000 units (+3.1% compared to 2023).

The high labor demand is also reflected in the main labor market indicators reported by ISTAT, which, between the second quarter of 2023 and the same period in 2024 (the latest available data), show a significant reduction in the unemployment rate of -0.8 percentage points and an increase in the employment rate of +0.7 percentage points.

However, 2024 also marks a further increase in the difficulties companies face in finding the desired profiles. This difficulty affects 48% of planned hires during the year, an increase of 3 percentage points compared to the 45% recorded the previous year. At the national level, the mismatch is increasingly due to a lack of specific professional profiles available for company integration, a problem reported for 31.2% of planned hires, up from 28.4% in 2023 and 24.6% in 2022. The share of qualitative mismatch, linked to the inadequacy of candidates' skills compared to those required by companies, remains stable, fluctuating between 12% and 13% of planned hires (there is also a residual share of 4% related to unspecified reasons). This publication focuses on the main characteristics of planned hires in the region for 2024.



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SUMMARY



N.B. Due to the rounding off, the sum of the single percentage values may differ by 100. This note is

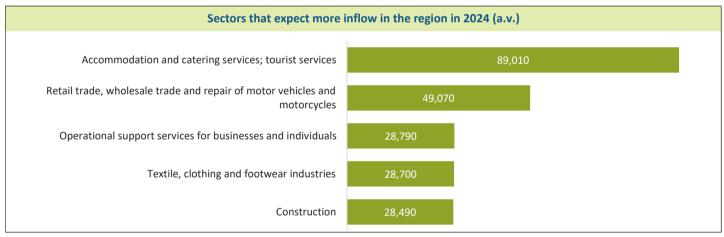
valid for all the graphs in this bulletin that show percentage compositions.

COMPANY AREAS OF PLACEMENT AND MAIN PROFESSIONS

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This page presents the main business areas of hires, along with some characteristics related to these entries, and the professions most in demand by companies in the region for 2024. Please note that, unless otherwise specified, the professions listed in the bulletin refer to the ISTAT CP2021 (3-digit) classification of professions.

Characteristics of expected inflow by business area in the region in 2024										
BUSINESS AREA	INFLOW (a.v.)	% of total	% up to 29 years	% difficult to recruit						
Total	360,520	100.0	29.4	50.0						
Direction and General services areas	11,480	3.2	30.4	44.0						
Administrative areas	14,730	4.1	25.5	40.1						
Technical and planning areas	45,250	12.6	28.8	59.7						
Area of production of goods and provision of the service	175,450	48.7	24.4	55.1						
Commercial and sales areas	74,280	20.6	43.1	38.3						
Logistics areas	39,330	10.9	27.8	43.4						





MAIN CHARACTERISTICS OF WORKERS REQUESTED BY COMPANIES

Below is a summary of the main characteristics of incoming hires, with a sectoral breakdown. The data covers recruitment difficulties, required experience, gender, and type of contract requested; the regional data is compared with that of its geographical division and the national average.

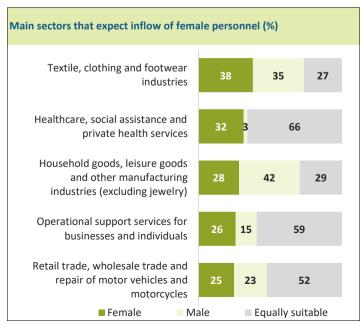
Difficulty in recruiting (%)		Central	Italy
Total, of which:	50.0	47.3	47.8
for lack of candidates	32.7	30.8	31.2
due to inadequate skill set	13.3	13.0	12.9
for other reasons	4.0	3.4	3.7

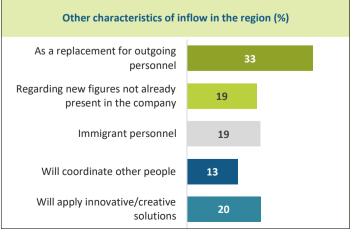
Experience requested (%)	Reg.	Central	Italy	
Total, of which:	62.8	64.7	64.3	
in the profession	19.2	21.1	21.1	
in the sector	43.6	43.6	43.2	
non requested	37.2	35.3	35.7	



Gender requested (%)	Reg.	South and islands	Italy
female	19.9	18.9	18.5
male	31.2	29.5	30.8
equally suitable	49.0	51.6	50.8

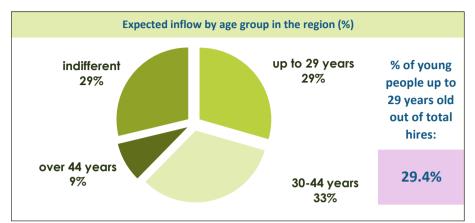






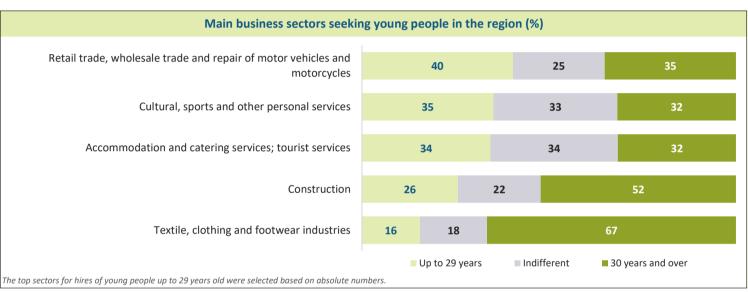
Toscana

CHARACTERISTICS OF INFLOW BY AGE GROUP



A specific detailed study concerns the age groups of the professional figures requested by companies in the region in 2024, with a detailed breakdown of the professions most requested and of the main business sectors that plan inflow from the younger segment, i.e. the figures with an age explicitly indicated by companies as "up to 29 years".

The connection to "difficulties in recruiting" offers a valuable perspective on the relationship between training and companies.



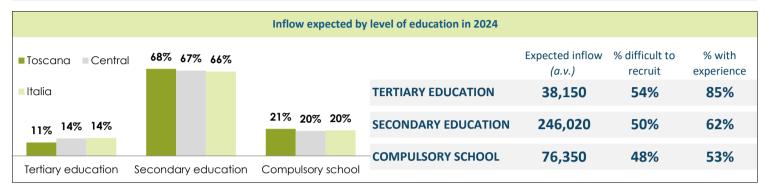
Professions with the highest recruitment difficulty for young people (expected hires of young people - % share and absolute value)								
Average difficulty in recruiting young Region Toscana 49%	difficult to recruit young people	Inflow of young people						
Specialized workers responsible for construction finishing	81%	2,750	3,400					
Technicians in the engineering field	75 %	1,150	1,530					
Blacksmiths, tool makers	74%	730	980					
Automatic and semi-automatic machine workers. for processing metal and prod. minerals	72%	780	1,080					
Artisanal mechanics, assemblers, repairers, maintenance workers on fixed/mobile machines	72%	1,850	2,560					
Casters, welders, tinsmiths, boilermakers, assemblers of metal carpentry	72%	860	1,200					
Specialized workers. installation/maintenance of electrical/electronic equipment	71%	1,150	1,610					
Skilled precision mechanics workers on metals and similar materials	65%	550	840					
Aesthetic care operators	63%	2,020	3,190					
Specialized workers in the processing of leather, hides and footwear	60%	540	910					

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FIELDS OF STUDY THAT OFFER THE GREATEST JOB OPPORTUNITIES

Below are some data related to the educational levels and qualifications most requested for professional figures entering the workforce in 2024.

Following a summary overview with a comparison between the region, the geographical division and the national data, the most sought-after qualifications by companies in the region are presented, focusing on tertiary education levels (university degrees or ITS Academy diplomas) and secondary education levels (technical-vocational high school diplomas and professional qualifications or diplomas).



TERTIARY EDUCATION									
LINUVERCITY	Expected inflow (a.v.)	% on tertiary education	% difficult to recruit	% with experience					
UNIVERSITY	33,900	89%	53%	86%					
HIGHER TECHNOLOGICAL EDUCATION (ITS Academy)	4,240	11%	59%	80%					
The technological fields for ITS Academies refer to the articulation provided by the High	er Technological Education Reform	(Ministerial Decree No.	. 203 of 10/20/2023);	this adjustment					

The technological fields for ITS Academies refer to the articulation provided by the Higher Technological Education Reform (Ministerial Decree No. 203 of 10/20/2023); this adjustment, which affected the survey questionnaire, expanded the application areas of ITS Academies, making the results not comparable with those of previous years.

Field				
Economics specialisation		9,	840 45%	76%
Teaching and education specialisation		5,370	45%	94%
Industrial engineering specialisation	2,700		66%	86%
Mechatronics	1,180	University	76%	65%
Information, Communication and Data Technologies	850	ITS Acader	my 45%	91%

SECONDARY EDUCATION										
		Expected inflow (a.v.)	% on secondary education	% difficult to recruit	% with experience					
TECHNICAL-PROFESSIONAL HIGH SECONDARY SCHOOL DIPLOMA		90,790	37%	53%	67%					
HIGH SECONDARY SCHOOL DIPLOMA*		8,680	4%	26%	70%					
TRAINING QUALIFICATION OR PROFESSIONA	146,540	60%	49%	59%						
* Classical, scientific, human sciences, linguistics, artistic high school										
Fields of	study most highly req	uested in the region								
Administration, finance and marketing specialisation			27,500	39%	60%					
Tourism, food and wine and hospitality specialisation		21,770		59%	72 %					
Mechanics, mechatronics and energy specialisation	8,690		32,420	63%	71%					
Catering specialisation				49%	64%					
Logistics systems and services specialisation		17,430	Technical- profession	al 35%	38%					

Mechanical specialisation

lefp

60%

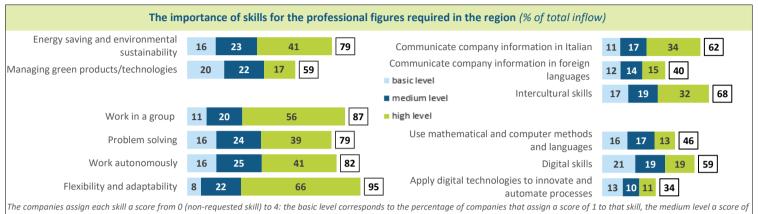
61%

16,710

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SKILLS REQUIRED ACCORDING TO THE QUALIFICATION

A skill is the "proven ability to use, in work situations or in professional and personal development, a structured set of knowledge and skills acquired in formal, non-formal or informal learning contexts". This section analyses some of the main skills required by companies for incoming profiles, as well as an in-depth analysis of the main fields of study in the territory and the skills required for each of them.



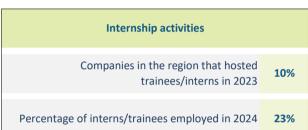
from 1% to 33%	ompany alian	ompanoreign	<u>s</u>	al and ods and		I technologiand and autom	þ	ologies			yısıy	daptabi
from 34% to 66%	nicate co ion in It	ilcate co ion in fo	ural skil	nematic r metho	sills	gital tecl ate and is	aving and nental oility	g green /techno	a group	solving	tonomo	y and ac
from 67% to 100%	Communicate companinformation in Italian	Communicate compan information in foreign languages	Intercultural skills	Use mathematical and computer methods and languages	Digital skills	Apply digital technolog to innovate and autom processes	Energy saving a environmental sustainability	Managing green products/technologies	Work in a group	Problem solving	Work autonomously	Flexibility and adaptabi
TERTIARY EDUCATION	60%	38%	51%	42%	65%	26%	44%	25%	81%	77%	63%	83%
Economics specialisation	61%	41%	51%	52%	72%	26%	43%	21%	78%	76%	62%	80%
Teaching and education specialisation	50%	21%	52%	27%	46%	10%	32%	15%	79%	75%	53%	77%
Industrial engineering specialisation	52%	51%	55%	60%	84%	45%	61%	39%	80%	82%	70%	85%
Mechatronics	24%	10%	41%	23%	38%	27%	54%	22%	70%	50%	54%	82%
Information, Communication and Data Technologies	66%	51%	40%	51%	93%	54%	36%	34%	85%	87%	80%	90%
SECONDARY EDUCATION	46%	22%	38%	17%	32%	14%	44%	19%	68%	52 %	50%	75%
Administration, finance and marketing specialisation	54%	24%	46%	22%	51%	12%	43%	22%	73%	54%	52%	80%
Tourism, food and wine and hospitality specialisation	53%	38%	46%	12%	15%	12%	49%	17%	66%	37%	44%	68%
Mechanics, mechatronics and energy specialisation	29%	5%	23%	19%	23%	20%	43%	21%	55%	51%	46%	69%
Catering specialisation	42%	25%	51%	9%	5%	7%	48%	20%	57%	26%	35%	62%
Logistics systems and services specialisation	18%	1%	15%	7%	2%	2%	30%	6%	50%	31%	27%	61%
Mechanical specialisation	15%	0%	15%	7%	5%	11%	32%	14%	35%	26%	27%	54%
High school diploma	59%	45%	40%	14%	46%	11%	32%	14%	76%	60%	56%	78%

^{*} The skills with "high" importance are those to which the companies assign a score of 3 or 4.

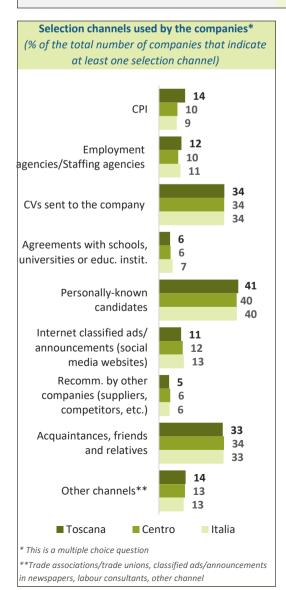
SOME CHARACTERISTICS OF COMPANIES

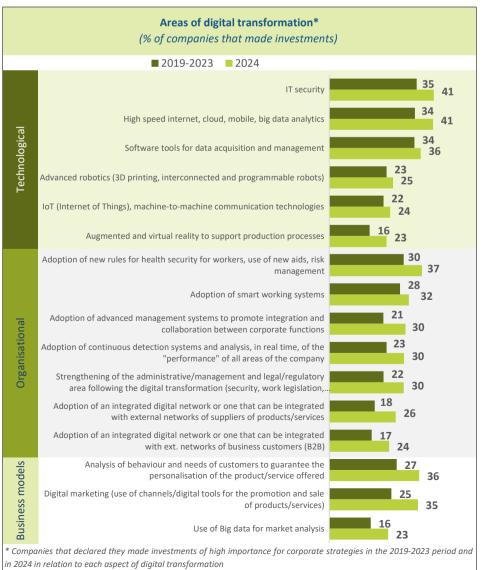
This page presents some characteristics of the hiring companies, highlighting the relative share of the total number of companies with employees present in the region, and detailed breakdown by size class. Furthermore, the training provided by companies to their employees in 2024 and the share of companies that hosted interns in 2023 are also analyzed. The page also presents some data on investments made by companies in various areas of digital transformation in 2024 and on the channels used for selecting personnel.











NOTE ON METHODOLOGY

The data presented came from the Excelsior survey carried out by Unioncamere in agreement with the National Agency for Active Labor Policies. The survey, which is included in the National Statistical Program (UCC-00007) among those that require a response, has been carried out on a monthly basis since 2017.

The information contained in this bulletin was obtained by processing administrative data from the Business Register and INPS, and from 2024 onwards, includes data on agricultural contracts within predominantly non-agricultural activities. This source, however, is considered net of phenomena not observed by design within Excelsior's scope of observation (contracts activated by: Public Administration, agricultural sector, professional firms, entities not registered with Chambers of Commerce; as well as contracts lasting less than one month). It is also integrated with information derived from monthly surveys available up to September 2024, which cover the entire year and have the last quarter as their forecast period. The monthly surveys were conducted primarily using the CAWI (Computer Assisted Web Interviewing) method, completing approximately 295,000 interviews with businesses, a representative sample of companies with employees in 2023 across various industrial and service sectors. The estimation of entry flow forecasts is obtained through the modeling of historical data derived from administrative sources on businesses and employment, appropriately integrated with sample data from each monthly survey.

Entries (i.e., the number of employment contracts that companies intend to stipulate in a given period) and their related characteristics refer to the hiring of employees and the flows of collaborators, temporary agency workers, and other non-employee workers.

This bulletin focuses on the analysis of the characteristics of planned entries in 2024, according to the professional profiles and educational levels required. The survey results are available at the provincial and regional levels according to a variable number of economic sectors, obtained by grouping economic activity codes from the ATECO2007 classification. The breakdown of planned entries by "professional group" refers to the ISTAT CP2021 classification.

Excelsior Informa is created by Unioncamere in collaboration with Ministry of Labour and Social Policies, as part of the Excelsior Information System.

For further information, please consult the website: https://excelsior.unioncamere.net where data and analyzes relating to all regions and provinces are available.

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