









EXCELSIOR INFORMA

COMPANY EMPLOYMENT SCHEMES OBTAINED FROM THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE SYSTEM

Year 2024 **Piemonte**

Introduction

After three years of sustained growth, planned labor demand from businesses in 2024 has stabilized at the previous year's levels, with approximately 5.5 million contracts planned to support company workforces. This stability in hiring flows corresponds to an increase in the number of companies intending to hire, which this year nears 850,000 units (+3.1% compared to 2023).

The high labor demand is also reflected in the main labor market indicators reported by ISTAT, which, between the second quarter of 2023 and the same period in 2024 (the latest available data), show a significant reduction in the unemployment rate of -0.8 percentage points and an increase in the employment rate of +0.7 percentage points.

However, 2024 also marks a further increase in the difficulties companies face in finding the desired profiles. This difficulty affects 48% of planned hires during the year, an increase of 3 percentage points compared to the 45% recorded the previous year. At the national level, the mismatch is increasingly due to a lack of specific professional profiles available for company integration, a problem reported for 31.2% of planned hires, up from 28.4% in 2023 and 24.6% in 2022. The share of qualitative mismatch, linked to the inadequacy of candidates' skills compared to those required by companies, remains stable, fluctuating between 12% and 13% of planned hires (there is also a residual share of 4% related to unspecified reasons). This publication focuses on the main characteristics of planned hires in the region for 2024.









EXPECTED INFLOW

COMPANIES HIRING

YOUNG PEOPLE

DIFFICULT TO RECRUIT

2024

350,160

63%

32%

51%

2023

353,930

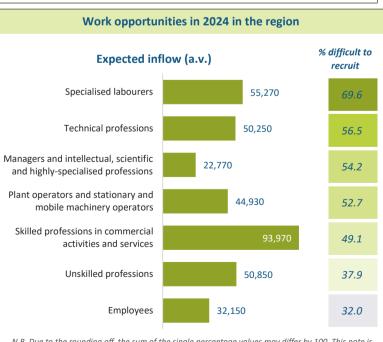
62%

32%

48%

SUMMARY

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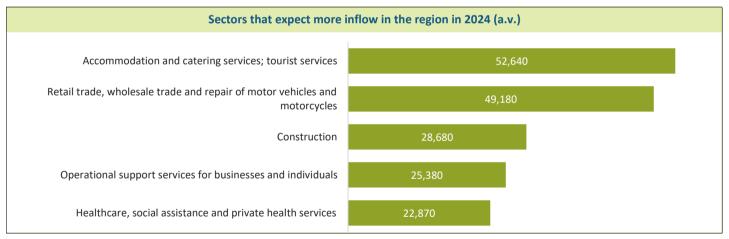


N.B. Due to the rounding off, the sum of the single percentage values may differ by 100. This note isvalid for all the graphs in this bulletin that show percentage compositions.

COMPANY AREAS OF PLACEMENT AND MAIN PROFESSIONS

This page presents the main business areas of hires, along with some characteristics related to these entries, and the professions most in demand by companies in the region for 2024. Please note that, unless otherwise specified, the professions listed in the bulletin refer to the ISTAT CP2021 (3-digit) classification of professions.

Characteristics of expected inflo	ow by business area in	the region in 202	24	
BUSINESS AREA	INFLOW (a.v.)	% of total	% up to 29 years	% difficult to recruit
Total	350,160	100.0	32.3	51.0
Direction and General services areas	17,220	4.9	43.0	44.1
Administrative areas	18,880	5.4	29.1	42.0
Technical and planning areas	49,750	14.2	35.8	68.3
Area of production of goods and provision of the service	151,170	43.2	29.6	54.7
Commercial and sales areas	72,120	20.6	37.7	40.2
Logistics areas	41,030	11.7	25.2	42.2





MAIN CHARACTERISTICS OF WORKERS REQUESTED BY COMPANIES

Below is a summary of the main characteristics of incoming hires, with a sectoral breakdown. The data covers recruitment difficulties, required experience, gender, and type of contract requested; the regional data is compared with that of its geographical division and the national average.

Difficulty in recruiting (%)	Reg.	North West	Italy
Total, of which:	51.0	49.3	47.8
for lack of candidates	34.0	32.3	31.2
due to inadequate skill set	12.7	13.1	12.9
for other reasons	4.2	3.9	3.7

Experience requested (%)	Reg.	North West	Italy	
Total, of which:	61.2	63.2	64.3	
in the profession	21.7	22.4	21.1	
in the sector	39.5	40.8	43.2	
non requested	38.8	36.8	35.7	



Gender requested (%)	Reg.	South and islands	Italy
female	19.6	18.2	18.5
male	31.2	30.8	30.8
equally suitable	49.2	51.1	50.8

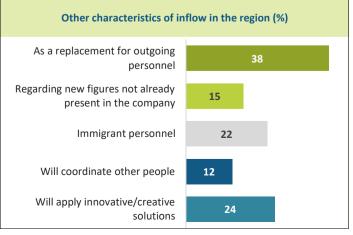
Main sectors that expect inflow of fer	nale pers	onne	el (%)		
Private education and training services	38	10	0	53	
Household goods, leisure goods and other manufacturing industries (excluding jewelry)	37		31	32	
Textile, clothing and footwear industries	33		40	27	
Cultural, sports and other personal services	28	14	4 58		
Healthcare, social assistance and private health services	27	2	71		

Male

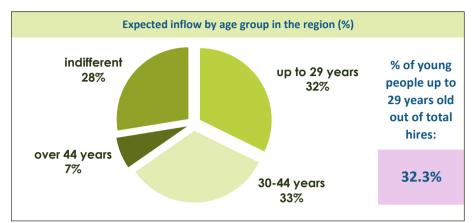
■ Equally suitable

■ Female



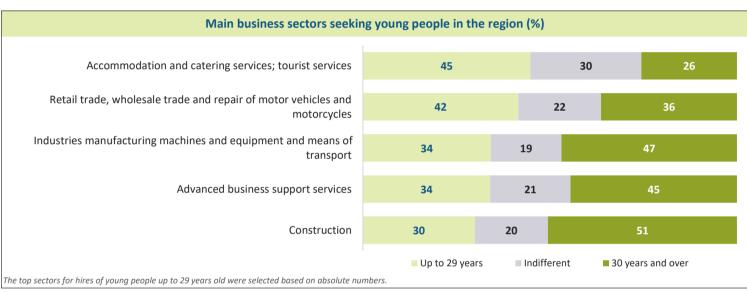


CHARACTERISTICS OF INFLOW BY AGE GROUP



A specific detailed study concerns the age groups of the professional figures requested by companies in the region in 2024, with a detailed breakdown of the professions most requested and of the main business sectors that plan inflow from the younger segment, i.e. the figures with an age explicitly indicated by companies as "up to 29 years".

The connection to "difficulties in recruiting" offers a valuable perspective on the relationship between training and companies.



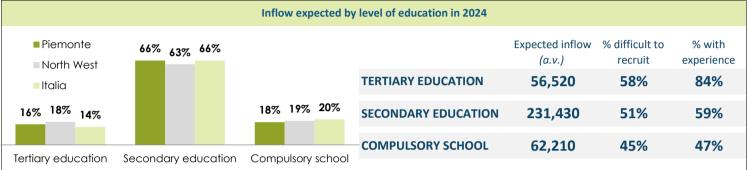
Professions with the highest recru (expected hires of young people	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Average difficulty in recruiting young Region Piemonte 49%	difficult to recruit young people	Inflow of young people	
Specialized workers responsible for construction finishing	91%	4,310	4,740
Artisanal mechanics, assemblers, repairers, maintenance workers on fixed/mobile machines	78%	3,480	4,450
Blacksmiths, tool makers	69%	1,430	2,060
IT, telematics and telecommunications technicians	69%	2,160	3,140
Specialized workers. installation/maintenance of electrical/electronic equipment	66%	1,460	2,190
Skilled precision mechanics workers on metals and similar materials	66%	600	910
Aesthetic care operators	64%	1,960	3,050
Drivers of motor and animal-drawn vehicles	64%	740	1,160
Automatic and semi-automatic machine workers. for processing metal and prod. minerals	63%	1,580	2,520
Trainers and employees in catering activities	58%	12,460	21,420

FIELDS OF STUDY THAT OFFER THE GREATEST JOB OPPORTUNITIES

| 5

Below are some data related to the educational levels and qualifications most requested for professional figures entering the workforce in 2024.

Following a summary overview with a comparison between the region, the geographical division and the national data, the most sought-after qualifications by companies in the region are presented, focusing on tertiary education levels (university degrees or ITS Academy diplomas) and secondary education levels (technical-vocational high school diplomas and professional qualifications or diplomas).



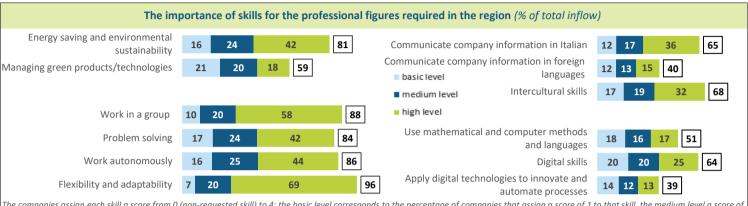
Tertiary education Secondary education Compulsory so	COMPULSORY SCHOOL	62,210	45%	47%			
1	ERTIARY EDUCATION						
UNIVERSITY	Expected inflow (a.v.) 50,300	% on tertiary education 89%	% difficult to recruit 57%	% with experience			
HIGHER TECHNOLOGICAL EDUCATION (ITS Acaden	ny) 6,220	11%	68%	68%			
The technological fields for ITS Academies refer to the articulation provide which affected the survey questionnaire, expanded the application areas		this adjustment,					
	most highly requested in the region	usic with those of previo	as years.				
				73%			
Economics specialisation	Economics specialisation 14,870						
Teaching and education specialisation	7,320		60%	92%			
Industrial engineering specialisation	5,690		52%	93%			
Mechatronics 2,	Mechatronics 2,080 University						
Information, Communication and Data Technologies 1,270			74%	77%			
SE	CONDARY EDUCATION						
	Expected inflow (a.v.)	% on secondary education	% difficult to recruit	% with experience			
TECHNICAL-PROFESSIONAL HIGH SECONDARY SCH DIPLOMA	OOL 86,230	37%	50%	67%			
HIGH SECONDARY SCHOOL DIPLOMA*	10,170	4%	24%	53%			
TRAINING QUALIFICATION OR PROFESSIONAL DIP	LOMA (IeFP) 135,030	58%	53%	55%			
* Classical, scientific, human sciences, linguistics, artistic high school							
Fields of study	most highly requested in the region						

Administration, finance and marketing specialisation Mechanics, mechatronics and energy specialisation 11,720 71% 70%

61% **75**% Tourism, food and wine and hospitality specialisation 11,510 Catering specialisation 23,050 **57%** 61% Technical-Mechanical specialisation 21,620 **58%** 55% professional Logistics systems and services specialisation 14,340 43% **52%**

SKILLS REQUIRED ACCORDING TO THE QUALIFICATION

A skill is the "proven ability to use, in work situations or in professional and personal development, a structured set of knowledge and skills acquired in formal, non-formal or informal learning contexts". This section analyses some of the main skills required by companies for incoming profiles, as well as an in-depth analysis of the main fields of study in the territory and the skills required for each of them.



The companies assign each skill a score from 0 (non-requested skill) to 4: the basic level corresponds to the percentage of companies that assign a score of 1 to that skill, the medium level a score of 2 and the high level a score of 3 or 4.

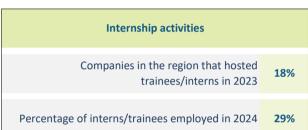
Skills considered of "high" importance according to the main fields of study in the region*												
Кеу:	Comr	municat	tive	Te	chnolog	ical	Gre	en		Sof	t	
from 1% to 33%	mpany	reign	S	al and ods and		Apply digital technologies to innovate and automate processes	Q	logies			nsly	Flexibility and adaptability
from 34% to 66%	nicate co ion in It:	ion in fo	ural skill	hematic er metho es	cills	gital tech ate and ss	aving an nental bility	g green //techno	a group	solving	tonomo	y and ad
from 67% to 100%	Communicate company information in Italian	information in foreign languages	Intercultural skills	Use mathematical and computer methods and languages	Digital skills	Apply digit to innovat processes	Energy saving and environmental sustainability	Managing green products/technologies	Work in a group	Problem solving	Work autonomously	Flexibilit
TERTIARY EDUCATION	57%	36%	49%	45%	68%	31%	42%	25%	82%	76%	66%	85%
Economics specialisation	62%	43%	48%	44%	75%	29%	44%	21%	84%	72%	65%	85%
Teaching and education specialisation	35%	9%	57%	25%	32%	6%	34%	21%	79%	68%	63%	86%
Industrial engineering specialisation	65%	55%	52%	67%	89%	50%	60%	36%	82%	88%	73%	87%
Mechatronics	35%	16%	45%	27%	50%	43%	57%	25%	56%	60%	55%	83%
Information, Communication and Data Technologies	70%	58%	66%	73%	95%	46%	53%	45%	86%	88%	64%	81%
SECONDARY EDUCATION	47%	19%	38%	24%	39%	15%	43%	20%	69%	54%	48%	77%
Administration, finance and marketing specialisation	52%	21%	41%	31%	54%	10%	40%	16%	71%	47%	49%	77%
Mechanics, mechatronics and energy specialisation	31%	6%	31%	22%	31%	21%	48%	30%	64%	57%	50%	73%
Tourism, food and wine and hospitality specialisation	62%	32%	47%	18%	13%	12%	57%	18%	70%	50%	57%	81%
Catering specialisation	44%	22%	50%	8%	4%	5%	43%	15%	58%	25%	39%	62%
Mechanical specialisation	15%	1%	12%	7%	5%	13%	33%	14%	37%	27%	33%	61%
Logistics systems and services specialisation	15%	0%	20%	4%	1%	4%	30%	8%	43%	23%	25%	62%
High school diploma	60%	42%	38%	12%	53%	18%	26%	11%	77%	69%	50%	89%

st The skills with "high" importance are those to which the companies assign a score of 3 or 4.

SOME CHARACTERISTICS OF COMPANIES

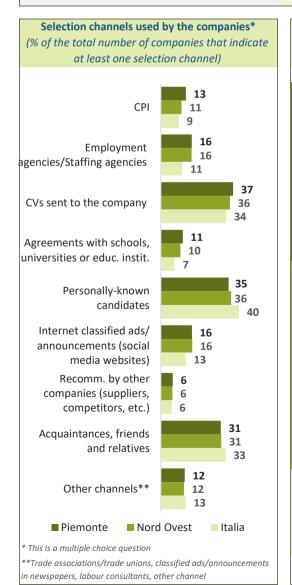
This page presents some characteristics of the hiring companies, highlighting the relative share of the total number of companies with employees present in the region, and detailed breakdown by size class. Furthermore, the training provided by companies to their employees in 2024 and the share of companies that hosted interns in 2023 are also analyzed. The page also presents some data on investments made by companies in various areas of digital transformation in 2024 and on the channels used for selecting personnel.

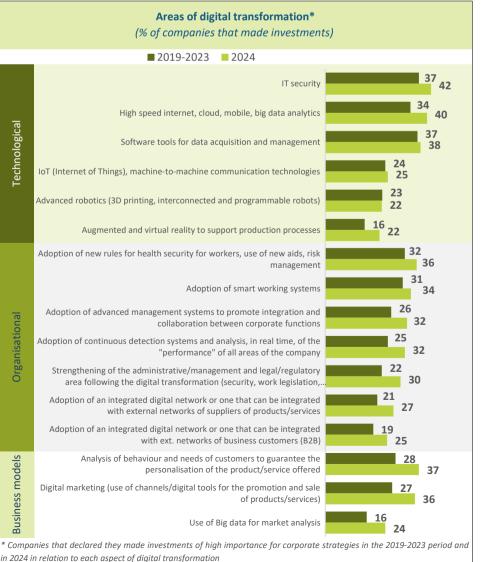












NOTE ON METHODOLOGY

The data presented came from the Excelsior survey carried out by Unioncamere in agreement with the National Agency for Active Labor Policies. The survey, which is included in the National Statistical Program (UCC-00007) among those that require a response, has been carried out on a monthly basis since 2017.

The information contained in this bulletin was obtained by processing administrative data from the Business Register and INPS, and from 2024 onwards, includes data on agricultural contracts within predominantly non-agricultural activities. This source, however, is considered net of phenomena not observed by design within Excelsior's scope of observation (contracts activated by: Public Administration, agricultural sector, professional firms, entities not registered with Chambers of Commerce; as well as contracts lasting less than one month). It is also integrated with information derived from monthly surveys available up to September 2024, which cover the entire year and have the last quarter as their forecast period. The monthly surveys were conducted primarily using the CAWI (Computer Assisted Web Interviewing) method, completing approximately 295,000 interviews with businesses, a representative sample of companies with employees in 2023 across various industrial and service sectors. The estimation of entry flow forecasts is obtained through the modeling of historical data derived from administrative sources on businesses and employment, appropriately integrated with sample data from each monthly survey.

Entries (i.e., the number of employment contracts that companies intend to stipulate in a given period) and their related characteristics refer to the hiring of employees and the flows of collaborators, temporary agency workers, and other non-employee workers.

This bulletin focuses on the analysis of the characteristics of planned entries in 2024, according to the professional profiles and educational levels required. The survey results are available at the provincial and regional levels according to a variable number of economic sectors, obtained by grouping economic activity codes from the ATECO2007 classification. The breakdown of planned entries by "professional group" refers to the ISTAT CP2021 classification.

Excelsior Informa is created by Unioncamere in collaboration with Ministry of Labour and Social Policies, as part of the Excelsior Information System.

For further information, please consult the website: https://excelsior.unioncamere.net where data and analyzes relating to all regions and provinces are available.

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