

UNIONCAMERE







Year 2023

Toscana

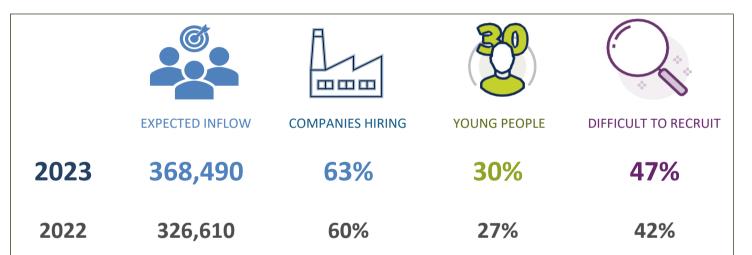
# **EXCELSIOR INFORMA** COMPANY EMPLOYMENT SCHEMES OBTAINED FROM THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE SYSTEM

#### Introduction

In 2023, the positive trend in job demand planned by companies continues, albeit with a slower growth rate than that recorded in the previous two years. The number of companies that have planned to hire goes from around 785 thousand in 2022 to the current 823 thousand (+4.9%); more marked, equal to +6.4%, will be the increase in the number of workers joining the company workforce, which this year will reach 5.5 million units (compared to 5.2 in the previous year). The improvement in the Excelsior indicators is in line with the main labor market indicators detected by ISTAT, which in the second quarter of 2023 signal an increase in the employment rate (+1.2 points compared to the second quarter of 2022) and, at the same time , a reduction in the unemployment rate (-0.5 points).

However, the growth in demand for labor is accompanied by a greater difficulty for companies in finding the desired profiles, a problem which affects 45% of planned revenues in 2023 (compared to 41% the previous year) and which mainly derives (for approximately two cases out of three) from an insufficient presence of people in the labor market available to join the company. However, problems linked to the inadequacy of candidate preparation with respect to the needs of companies are less frequent (one case in three).

This publication focuses on the main characteristics of the revenues planned in the region for the year 2023.

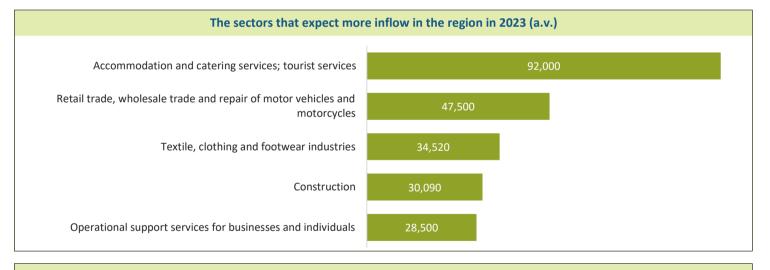


SUMMARY Work opportunities in 2023 in the region							
		Expected inf	low (a.v.)	% difficult to recruit			
Company areas of inclusion and the main professions	page 2	Specialised labourers	61,830	60.7			
Main characteristics of workers requested by the companies	page 3	Technical professions	33,980	58.0			
Characteristics of inflow by age group	page 4	Managers and intellectual, scientific and highly-specialised professions	15,930	56.0			
Skills requested	page 5	Plant operators and stationary and mobile machinery operators	49,250	53.8			
Qualifications that offer the greatest job opportunities	page 6	Skilled professions in commercial activities and services	116,440	43.3			
Several characteristics of the companies	page 7	Employees	29,040	33.9			
Note on methodology	page 8	Unskilled professions	62,020	32.5			
		N.B. Due to the rounding off, the sum of the single percentage values may differ by 100. This note is valid for all the graphs in this bulletin that show percentage compositions.					

## COMPANY AREAS OF INCLUSION AND MAIN PROFESSIONS

This page shows the main company areas of inclusion, with several characteristics regarding inflow, and the professions most requested by companies for 2022 in the region. It should be noted that, unless otherwise specified, the professions indicated in the bulletin refer to the classification of professions of ISTAT CP2021 (3 digit).

Characteristics of expected inflow by business area in the region in 2023									
BUSINESS AREA	INFLOW (a.v.)	% of total	% up to 29 years	% difficult to recruit					
Total	368,490	100.0	30.0	46.9					
Direction and General services areas	12,460	3.4	32.1	45.3					
Administrative areas	13,770	3.7	21.8	41.1					
Technical and planning areas	43,600	11.8	31.1	57.6					
Area of production of goods and provision of the service	194,860	52.9	27.1	49.1					
Commercial and sales areas	64,110	17.4	42.5	36.1					
Logistics areas	39,690	10.8	24.7	44.7					





# MAIN CHARACTERISTICS OF WORKERS REQUESTED BY COMPANIES

The main characteristics of the incoming figures are summarised below, organised by sector. The data concerns the difficulties in recruiting, experience required, gender and type of contract requested; the figure for the region is compared with that of the geographical distribution and the national figure.

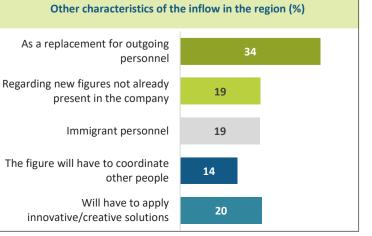
Difficulty in recruiting (%)	Reg.	Central	Italia	Experience requested (%)	Reg.	Central	Italia
Total, of which:	46.9	43.2	45.1	Total, of which:	63.7	65.7	65. <b>3</b>
for lack of candidates	29.3	26.9	28.4	in the profession	19.7	21.5	22.2
due to inadequate skill set	13.0	12.2	12.4	in the sector	44.1	44.2	43.1
for other reasons	4.6	4.1	4.3	non requested	36.3	34.3	34.7

The regional sectors								
with greatest <b>DIFFICULTIES IN REC</b>	CRUITING and th	e reasons (%)	that request specific work	EXPERIENCE t	ne most (%)			
Wood and furniture industries	39	22 5	Healthcare, social assistance and private health services	53	30			
Construction	40	18 <mark>4</mark>	Private education and training services	44	33			
Industries manufacturing machines and equipment and means of transport	38	18 4	IT and telecommunications services	36	40			
Metallurgical and metal products industries	38	18 2	Textile, clothing and footwear industries	23	51			
IT and telecommunications services	32	22 <mark>4</mark>	Construction	17	56			
Lack of candidates	uate skill set	Other reasons	Experience in the profession	Experier	ce in the sector			

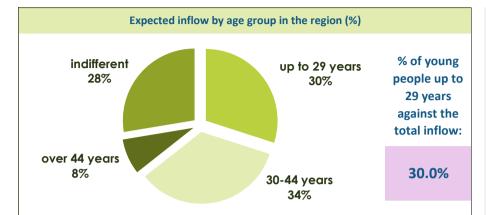
Gender requested (%)	Reg.	Central	Italia
female	21.0	18.8	18.0
male	31.5	30.3	31.8
equally suitable	47.5	50.9	50.2

The main sectors that expect inflow of f	emale p	erson	nel (%)	
Textile, clothing and footwear industries	36 37		36 37	
Healthcare, social assistance and private health services	31	2	67	
Private education and training services	29	13 5		В
Food, beverage and tobacco industries	29		44	27
Jewels industries	29		41	30
🗖 female 📃 ma	ale	ec	qually sui	itable

Contracts proposed (% values)	Reg.	Central	Italia	
Workers employed by the company	85.2	83.9	83.2	
with a permanent contract	19.6	19.5	19.7	
with a fixed-term contract	54.3	54.1	54.2	
with other contracts	11.3	10.3	9.3	
Company non-salaried workers	14.8	16.1	16.8	
agency workers	8.6	8.4	9.6	
coll. and other non-salaried empl.	6.2	7.7	7.2	



### **CHARACTERISTICS OF INFLOW BY AGE GROUP**



A specific detailed study concerns the age groups of the professional figures requested by companies in the region in 2023, with a detailed breakdown of the professions most requested and of the main business sectors that plan inflow from the younger segment, i.e. the figures with an age explicitly indicated by companies as "up to 29 years".

The report that includes "difficulties in recruiting" offers key ideas for analysis with regard to the relationship between training and companies.

The professions with the greatest difficulty in recruiting young people (expected inflow of young people - % share and a.v.)							
Average difficulty in recruiting young Toscana region 48%	difficuit to recruit young people	Inflow of young people					
Engineering technicians	79%	1,030	1,300				
Specialized workers assigned to finishing constructions	73%	2,760	3,770				
Drivers of motor and animal-drawn vehicles	72%	1,040	1,450				
Automatic and semi-automatic machine operators. for processing metal and prod. minerals	69%	1,120	1,610				
Blacksmiths, tool makers	69%	710	1,030				
Health technicians	68%	870	1,280				
Casters, welders, tinsmiths, boilermakers, metal carpentry assemblers	66%	840	1,270				
IT, telematics and telecommunications technicians	61%	1,120	1,840				
Specialized workers installation/maintenance of electrical/electronic equipment	59%	1,110	1,870				
Craft mechanics, fitters, repairers, maintenance workers on fixed/mobile machines	55%	1,660	3,030				

The main business sectors seeking young people in the region (%)								
Accommodation and catering services; tourist services		36	31	33				
Retail trade, wholesale trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	42		22	36				
Construction	27 19		9	54				
Cultural, sports and other personal services		37	34	29				
Textile, clothing and footwear industries	16 22			62				
The top sectors for inflow of young people up to 29 years have been selected, as an absolute value								

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### **SKILLS REQUESTED**

A skill is the "proven ability to use, in work situations or in professional and personal development, a structured set of knowledge and skills acquired in formal, non-formal or informal learning contexts". This section analyses some of the main skills required by companies for incoming profiles, as well as an in-depth analysis of the main fields of study in the territory and the skills required for each of them.



The companies assign each skill a score from 0 (non-requested skill) to 4: the basic level corresponds to the percentage of companies that assign a score of 1 to that skill, the medium level a score of 2 and the high level a score of 3 or 4.

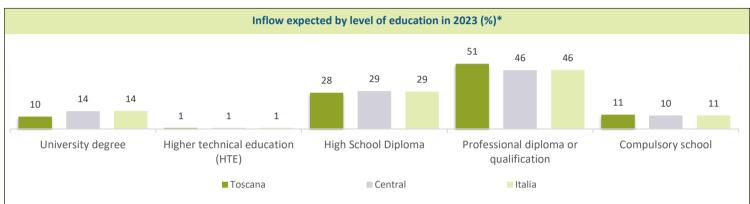
Skills considered	Skills considered of "high" importance according to the main fields of study in the region*									
Key:		So	ft		Green	т	echnologica	I	Commu	nicative
from 1% to 33%	0	50	ylsuo		and	cal and ods and	10	iologies cesses	Communicate company information in Italian	Communicate company information in foreign languages
from 34% to 66%	Work in a group	Problem solving	Work autonomously	ity and bility	Energy saving and environmental sustainability	Use mathematical and computer methods and languages	Use digital skills	Use "4.0" technologies to innovate processes	Communicate compa information in Italian	Communicate compar information in foreign languages
from 67% to 100%	Work ir	Probler	Work a	Flexibility and adaptability	Energy enviro sustair	Use mathe computer languages	Use dig	Use "4. to inno	Commu informa	Communic informatio languages
UNIVERSITY	81%	78%	66%	84%	45%	43%	68%	27%	59%	39%
Economics specialisation	80%	75%	64%	83%	45%	45%	74%	22%	59%	41%
Teaching and education specialisation	84%	75%	58%	81%	37%	24%	45%	7%	40%	26%
Industrial engineering specialisation	89%	89%	76%	90%	63%	66%	87%	52%	68%	50%
HIGHER TECHNICAL EDUCATION (HTE) (ITS Academy)	72%	64%	59%	79%	50%	42%	62%	39%	48%	26%
SECONDARY (5-year diploma)	68%	51%	48%	74%	45%	19%	32%	14%	45%	23%
Administration, finance and marketing specialisation	73%	55%	48%	79%	42%	23%	53%	11%	53%	26%
Tourism, food and wine and hospitality specialisation	70%	41%	48%	71%	57%	13%	18%	16%	54%	43%
Mechanics, mechatronics and energy specialisation	53%	49%	43%	67%	40%	20%	23%	21%	25%	6%
Professional QUALIFICATION (3-year) or professional DIPLOMA (4-year)**	44%	25%	33%	57%	40%	8%	5%	8%	26%	9%
Catering specialisation	52%	25%	36%	55%	46%	9%	6%	10%	41%	24%
Mechanical specialisation	35%	28%	27%	53%	35%	11%	5%	14%	15%	1%
Textile and clothing specialisation	31%	12%	19%	50%	37%	2%	2%	2%	6%	0%

\* The skills with "high" importance are those to which the companies assign a score of 3 or 4.

\*\* The data refers to the potential inflow with a professional diploma or qualification. Please refer to the introductory text on page 6 "The fields of study that offer greatest job opportunities" for the definition of potential inflow.

### FIELDS OF STUDY THAT OFFER THE GREATEST JOB OPPORTUNITIES

Below, there is some data related to the levels of education and qualifications most requested of the inflow of professional figures in 2023. Data on the demand for workers with professional diplomas or qualifications is presented based on two different approaches. In fact, in addition to workers with professional diplomas and qualifications expressly indicated ("explicit inflow"), companies are looking for workers who generically went through "compulsory education". With a specific in-depth study, there have been cases in which the request for workers who have generically gone through "compulsory education" was associated with professions for which there are three-year professional training courses formally included among the 26 in the State Regional Agreement of 1 August 2019. A further potential demand for professional qualifications was thus identified and, when added to the demand explicitly expressed by the companies as part of the survey, provides an overall estimate of the "potential inflow" expected by the companies for which a professional qualification is required.



\* The data regarding Professional diplomas or qualifications refers to explicit inflow

**Compulsory school** 

The fiel	ds of study most h	ighly requested	in the regio	on			
			ted inflow (a.v.)	% of tot		% difficult to recruit	% with experience
University		35	5,190	10	%	56%	87%
of whom with post-graduate education		4	<b>,261</b>	12	%	61%	<b>96%</b>
Economics specialisatio	n				10,120	49%	78%
Teaching and education specialisatio	n	4,730	)			45%	93%
Industrial engineering specialisatio	n	2,860				65%	93%
Higher technical education (HTE) ITS Academy		2	,690	19	%	65%	81%
SECONDARY (5-year diploma)		10	3,670	28	%	48%	67%
Administration, finance and marketing specialisatio	n				28,480	33%	58%
Tourism, food and wine and hospitality specialisatio	n			22,950		58%	75%
Mechanics, mechatronics and energy specialisatio	n	8,130				61%	70%
Professional qualification (3-year) or	explicit inflow	14	5,110	39	%	47%	60%
professional diploma (4-year)	potential inflow	18	6,210	51	%	46%	60%
Catering specialisatio	n		34	4,070	4,250	45%	65%
Mechanical specialisatio	n	17,530 21,24	0		,	61%	55%
Textile and clothing specialisatio	8,000	)	ex	plicit inflov			
		<b>16,490</b> The percentad		otential inflo		<b>46%</b> with experience re	<b>69%</b> fer to explicit inflo
		e percentag	,			en en per reneer re	
Compulsory school	explicit inflow	81	L,840	22	%	40%	56%

potential inflow

40,730

11%

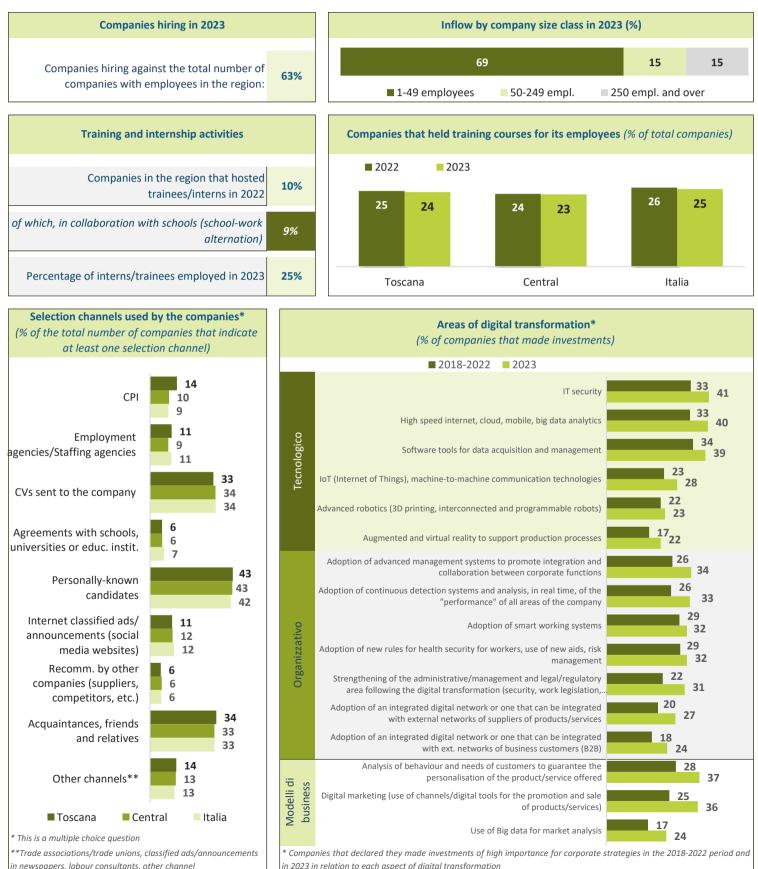
38%

48%

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#### SOME CHARACTERISTICS OF THE COMPANIES

This page presents several characteristics of the companies that are hiring, highlighting the relative share of the total number of companies with employees present in the region, and detailed breakdown by size class. The training carried out by companies for their employees in 2021 and 2022 and the share of companies that hosted trainees/interns in 2022 is also analysed. The page also presents some data on the investments made by companies in the various areas of digital transformation in 2023 and on the channels for selecting incoming personnel.



in 2023 in relation to each aspect of digital transformation

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### NOTE ON METHODOLOGY

The data presented came from the Excelsior survey carried out by Unioncamere in agreement with the National Agency for Active Labor Policies. The survey, which is included in the National Statistical Program (UCC-00007) among those that require a response, has been carried out on a monthly basis since 2017.

The information contained in this bulletin was acquired by processing all the information obtained through the monthly surveys carried out until August 2023, mainly using the CAWI compilation technique and carrying out approximately 275,000 interviews with companies, a representative sample of companies with employees to 2022 of the various industrial and service sectors. The estimate of the forecast of income flows is obtained by modeling the historical series of data taken from administrative sources on businesses and employment, appropriately integrated with the sample data relating to each monthly survey. Revenue (i.e. the number of employees and the flows of collaborators, temporary workers and other non-employed workers. The data relating to the forecasts for the entire year therefore no longer derive from a specific annual survey, but from the integrated processing of the available monthly surveys.

In this bulletin the analysis focuses mainly on the characteristics of the income planned for the year 2023, according to the professional profiles and levels of education required. There are also some qualitative comparisons with the 2022 data. The results of the survey are available at provincial and regional level according to a variable number of economic sectors, obtained as a merger of economic activity codes of the ATECO2007 classification. The distribution of expected revenue by "professional group" refers to the codes of the ISTAT CP2021 classification.

*Excelsior Informa* is created by Unioncamere in collaboration with ANPAL as part of the Excelsior Information System.

For further information, please consult the website: **http://excelsior.unioncamere.net** where data and analyzes relating to all regions and provinces are available.

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