

UNIONCAMERE







Year 2023

Piemonte

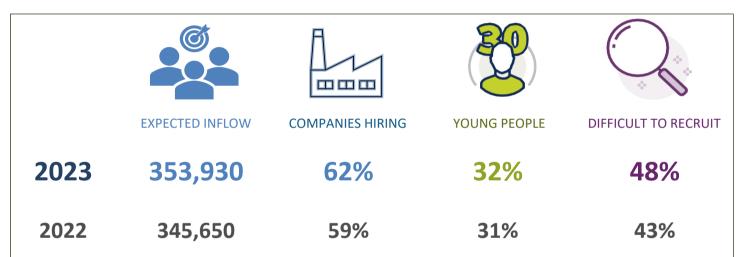
EXCELSIOR INFORMA COMPANY EMPLOYMENT SCHEMES OBTAINED FROM THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE SYSTEM

Introduction

In 2023, the positive trend in job demand planned by companies continues, albeit with a slower growth rate than that recorded in the previous two years. The number of companies that have planned to hire goes from around 785 thousand in 2022 to the current 823 thousand (+4.9%); more marked, equal to +6.4%, will be the increase in the number of workers joining the company workforce, which this year will reach 5.5 million units (compared to 5.2 in the previous year). The improvement in the Excelsior indicators is in line with the main labor market indicators detected by ISTAT, which in the second quarter of 2023 signal an increase in the employment rate (+1.2 points compared to the second quarter of 2022) and, at the same time , a reduction in the unemployment rate (-0.5 points).

However, the growth in demand for labor is accompanied by a greater difficulty for companies in finding the desired profiles, a problem which affects 45% of planned revenues in 2023 (compared to 41% the previous year) and which mainly derives (for approximately two cases out of three) from an insufficient presence of people in the labor market available to join the company. However, problems linked to the inadequacy of candidate preparation with respect to the needs of companies are less frequent (one case in three).

This publication focuses on the main characteristics of the revenues planned in the region for the year 2023.

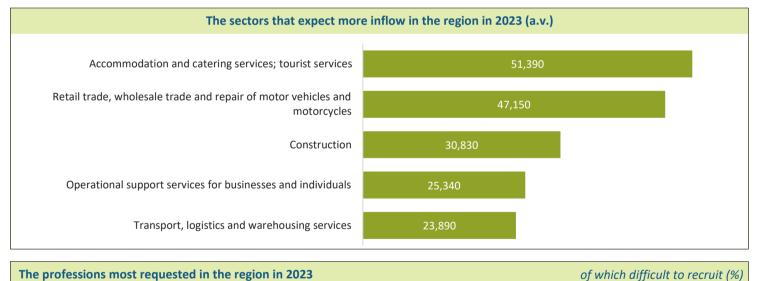


SUMMARY	Work opportunities in 2023 in the region							
		Expected inf	flow (a.v.)	% difficult to recruit				
Company areas of inclusion and the main professions	page 2	Specialised labourers	56,940	64.7				
Main characteristics of workers requested by the companies	page 3	Managers and intellectual, scientific and highly-specialised professions	22,690	53.4				
Characteristics of inflow by age group	page 4	Technical professions	53,540	52.8				
Skills requested	page 5	Plant operators and stationary and mobile machinery operators	49,340	50.2				
Qualifications that offer the greatest job opportunities	page 6	Skilled professions in commercial activities and services	87	,920 <i>45.9</i>				
Several characteristics of the companies	page 7	Employees	33,200	33.9				
Note on methodology	page 8	Unskilled professions	50,320	31.0				
	N.B. Due to the rounding off, the sum of the single percentage values may differ by 100. This note is valid for all the graphs in this bulletin that show percentage compositions.							

COMPANY AREAS OF INCLUSION AND MAIN PROFESSIONS

This page shows the main company areas of inclusion, with several characteristics regarding inflow, and the professions most requested by companies for 2022 in the region. It should be noted that, unless otherwise specified, the professions indicated in the bulletin refer to the classification of professions of ISTAT CP2021 (3 digit).

Characteristics of expected inflow by business area in the region in 2023									
BUSINESS AREA	INFLOW (a.v.)	% of total	% up to 29 years	% difficult to recruit					
Total	353,930	100.0	32.2	47.8					
Direction and General services areas	18,720	5.3	41.0	51.4					
Administrative areas	20,490	5.8	22.6	40.5					
Technical and planning areas	53,900	15.2	34.5	60.5					
Area of production of goods and provision of the service	160,730	45.4	29.0	49.9					
Commercial and sales areas	60,910	17.2	42.6	36.1					
Logistics areas	39,180	11.1	27.2	42.1					





MAIN CHARACTERISTICS OF WORKERS REQUESTED BY COMPANIES

The main characteristics of the incoming figures are summarised below, organised by sector. The data concerns the difficulties in recruiting, experience required, gender and type of contract requested; the figure for the region is compared with that of the geographical distribution and the national figure.

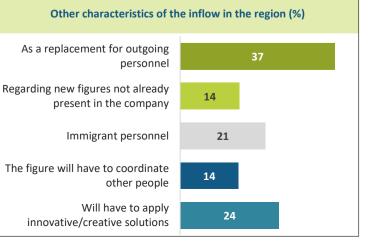
Difficulty in recruiting (%)	Reg.	North West	Italia	Experience requested (%)		North West	Italia	
Total, of which:	47.8	45.9	45.1	Total, of which:	62.8	63.9	65.3	
for lack of candidates	30.8	29.0	28.4	in the profession	23.0	23.7	22.2	
due to inadequate skill set	12.5	12.4	12.4	in the sector	39.8	40.2	43.1	
for other reasons	4.5	4.5	4.3	non requested	37.2	36.1	34.7	
The regional sectors with greatest DIFFICULTIES IN RECRUITING and the reasons (%) that request specific work EXPERIENCE the most (%)								
Mining and mineral processing	46		15 <mark>3</mark>	Healthcare, social assistance and	52	31		

industries		10 0	private health services	52	31
Construction	35	23 5	Jewels industries	45	37
Jewels industries	46	15 0	IT and telecommunications services	48	29
IT and telecommunications services	40	17 3	Media and communication services	35	40
Healthcare, social assistance and private health services	49	5 4	Construction	20	52
Lack of candidates	ate skill set 📃	Other reasons	Experience in the profession	Experie	ence in the secto

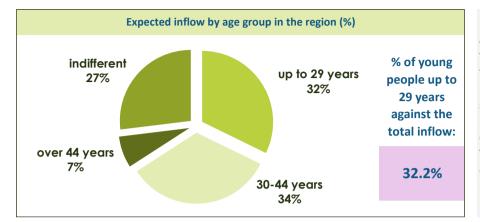
Gender requested (%)	Reg.	North West	Italia
female	18.3	17.1	18.0
male	32.0	31.2	31.8
equally suitable	49.6	51.7	50.2

The main sectors that expect inflow of female personnel (%)						
Textile, clothing and footwear industries	37		34	29		
Jewels industries	32		44	24		
Private education and training						
services	30	20	4	9		
Cultural, sports and other	27	13	60			
personal services	27	13	60			
Food, beverage and tobacco	26	32		42		
industries						
female	male	e	qually su	itable		

Contracts proposed (% values)	Reg.	North West	Italia	
Workers employed by the company	76.4	79.7	83.2	
with a permanent contract	20.7	23.3	19.7	
with a fixed-term contract	45.2	46.6	54.2	
with other contracts	10.6	9.8	9.3	
Company non-salaried workers	23.6	20.3	16.8	
agency workers	16.3	12.7	9.6	
coll. and other non-salaried empl.	7.3	7.6	7.2	



CHARACTERISTICS OF INFLOW BY AGE GROUP



A specific detailed study concerns the age groups of the professional figures requested by companies in the region in 2023, with a detailed breakdown of the professions most requested and of the main business sectors that plan inflow from the younger segment, i.e. the figures with an age explicitly indicated by companies as "up to 29 years".

The report that includes "difficulties in recruiting" offers key ideas for analysis with regard to the relationship between training and companies.

The professions with the greatest difficulty in recruiting young people (expected inflow of young people - % share and a.v.)								
Average difficulty in recruiting young Piemonte region 48%	aוזזוכעוד דס recruit young people	Inflow of young people						
Specialized workers assigned to finishing constructions	81%	4,540	5,610					
Specialized workers installation/maintenance of electrical/electronic equipment	79%	1,180	1,490					
Craft mechanics, fitters, repairers, maintenance workers on fixed/mobile machines	76%	2,990	3,960					
IT, telematics and telecommunications technicians	69%	3,270	4,730					
Blacksmiths, tool makers	69%	1,530	2,210					
Automatic and semi-automatic machine operators. for processing metal and prod. minerals	64%	1,820	2,860					
Engineering technicians	58%	1,090	1,890					
Casters, welders, tinsmiths, boilermakers, metal carpentry assemblers	56%	740	1,330					
Operators and employees in catering activities	55%	11,430	20,770					
Market relations technicians	54%	970	1,780					

The main business sectors seeking young people in the region (%)								
Accommodation and catering services; tourist services	46		26 28					
Retail trade, wholesale trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	41	24	35					
Construction	31	20	49					
Advanced business support services	33	26	41					
Industries manufacturing machines and equipment and means of transport	35	20	46					
	Up to 29 years	Indifferent	30 years and over					

The top sectors for inflow of young people up to 29 years have been selected, as an absolute value

SKILLS REQUESTED

A skill is the "proven ability to use, in work situations or in professional and personal development, a structured set of knowledge and skills acquired in formal, non-formal or informal learning contexts". This section analyses some of the main skills required by companies for incoming profiles, as well as an in-depth analysis of the main fields of study in the territory and the skills required for each of them.



The companies assign each skill a score from 0 (non-requested skill) to 4: the basic level corresponds to the percentage of companies that assign a score of 1 to that skill, the medium level a score of 2 and the high level a score of 3 or 4.

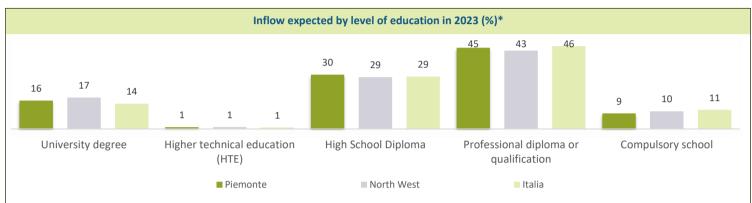
Skills considered of "high" importance according to the main fields of study in the region*											
Кеу:			Sot	ft		Green	т	echnologica	I	Commu	nicative
from 1% to 33%			50	ylsuc		and	cal and ods and		ologies cesses	ompany talian	Communicate company information in foreign languages
from 34% to 66%		Work in a group	Problem solving	Work autonomously	ity and oility	Energy saving and environmental sustainability	Use mathematical and computer methods and languages	Use digital skills	Use "4.0" technologies to innovate processes	Communicate company information in Italian	Communicate compar information in foreign languages
from 67% to 100%		Work ir	Problen	Work a	Flexibility and adaptability	Energy enviro sustair	Use mathe computer languages	Use dig	Use "4. to inno	Commu informa	Communic informatio languages
	UNIVERSITY	83%	82%	70%	85%	42%	51%	72%	32%	62%	40%
Ec	conomics specialisation	80%	80%	70%	80%	47%	50%	76%	25%	65%	46%
Teaching and e	ducation specialisation	80%	71%	61%	87%	33%	23%	42%	11%	45%	20%
Industrial eng	gineering specialisation	88%	92%	78%	87%	54%	61%	89%	54%	66%	57%
HIGHER TECHNICA	L EDUCATION (HTE) (ITS Academy)	78%	80%	77%	85%	48%	44%	63%	35%	58%	35%
SECONDA	RY (5-year diploma)	68%	53%	50%	75%	43%	21%	36%	15%	42%	17%
Administration,	finance and marketing specialisation	76%	57%	55%	78%	41%	27%	58%	11%	48%	20%
Tourism, food ar	nd wine and hospitality specialisation	66%	53%	58%	80%	59%	19%	13%	15%	49%	32%
Mechanics, me	echatronics and energy specialisation	54%	46%	42%	68%	43%	17%	26%	23%	31%	5%
Professional QUALIF professional D	ICATION (3-year) or IPLOMA (4-year)**	45%	27%	36%	61%	41%	8%	7%	8%	26%	8%
Me	echanical specialisation	35%	23%	31%	60%	37%	9%	6%	12%	16%	1%
	Catering specialisation	55%	24%	39%	63%	46%	7%	5%	7%	40%	22%
Agri-food pr	ocessing specialisation	43%	18%	30%	53%	46%	9%	2%	8%	19%	5%

* The skills with "high" importance are those to which the companies assign a score of 3 or 4.

** The data refers to the potential inflow with a professional diploma or qualification. Please refer to the introductory text on page 6 "The fields of study that offer greatest job opportunities" for the definition of potential inflow.

FIELDS OF STUDY THAT OFFER THE GREATEST JOB OPPORTUNITIES

Below, there is some data related to the levels of education and qualifications most requested of the inflow of professional figures in 2023. Data on the demand for workers with professional diplomas or qualifications is presented based on two different approaches. In fact, in addition to workers with professional diplomas and qualifications expressly indicated ("explicit inflow"), companies are looking for workers who generically went through "compulsory education". With a specific in-depth study, there have been cases in which the request for workers who have generically gone through "compulsory education" was associated with professions for which there are three-year professional training courses formally included among the 26 in the State Regional Agreement of 1 August 2019. A further potential demand for professional qualifications was thus identified and, when added to the demand explicitly expressed by the companies as part of the survey, provides an overall estimate of the "potential inflow" expected by the companies for which a professional qualification is required.



* The data regarding Professional diplomas or qualifications refers to explicit inflow

The field	ls of study most high	nly requested in the region	1		
		Expected inflow (a.v.)	% of the total	% difficult to recruit	% with experience
University		55,390	16%	51%	89%
of whom with post-graduate education		5,800	10%	57%	95%
Economics specialisation			15,270	42%	80%
Teaching and education specialisation		7,340		53%	94%
Industrial engineering specialisation	5	5,190		52%	93%
Higher technical education (HTE) ITS Academy		3,490	1%	73%	82%
SECONDARY (5-year diploma)		106,050	30%	47%	66%
Administration, finance and marketing specialisation			32,450	31%	62%
Tourism, food and wine and hospitality specialisation		13,080		58%	78%
Mechanics, mechatronics and energy specialisation	1	12,760		61%	67%
Professional qualification (3-year) or professional diploma (4-year)	explicit inflow potential inflow	133,150 158,650	38% 45%	49% 49%	56% 54%
	potentiarinnow	,		43/0	J 1 /0
Mechanics specialisation			24,240 27,600	58%	59%
Catering specialisation		20,790	26,140	49%	60%
Agri-food processing specialisation		15,670 ∎ po	olicit inflow tential inflow	59%	50%
		The percentages of difficult to r	ecruit inflow and inflo	ow with experience ref	er to explicit inflo
	explicit inflow	55,840	16%	42%	46%
Compulsory school	notontial inflow	20 240	0%	100/	160/

potential inflow

9%

30,340

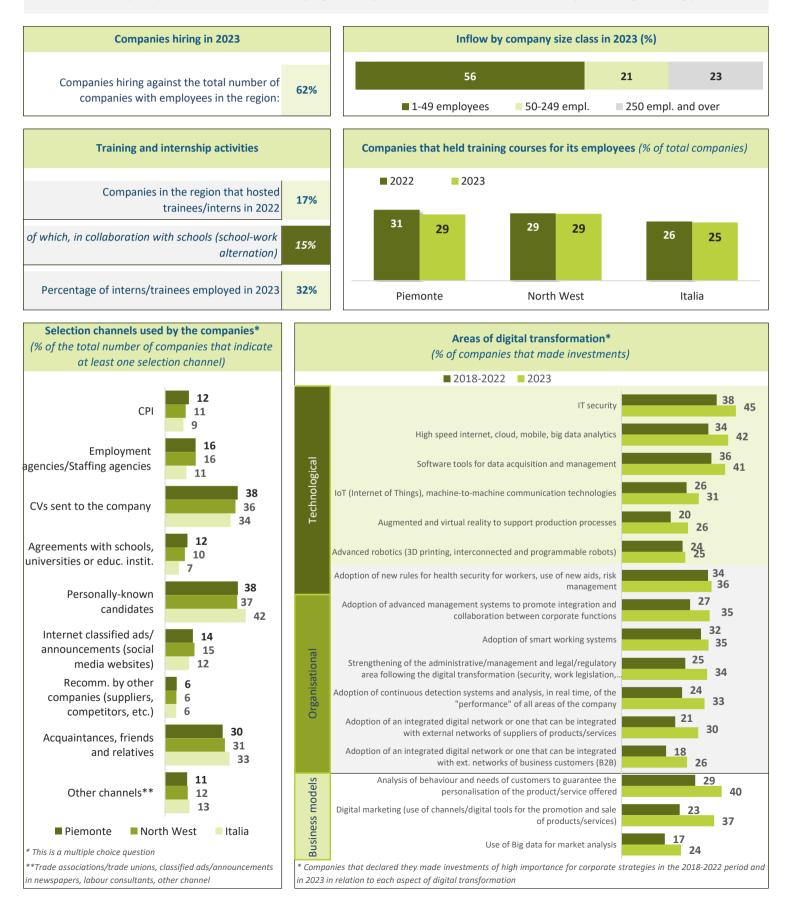
40%

46%

Piemonte

SOME CHARACTERISTICS OF THE COMPANIES

This page presents several characteristics of the companies that are hiring, highlighting the relative share of the total number of companies with employees present in the region, and detailed breakdown by size class. The training carried out by companies for their employees in 2021 and 2022 and the share of companies that hosted trainees/interns in 2022 is also analysed. The page also presents some data on the investments made by companies in the various areas of digital transformation in 2023 and on the channels for selecting incoming personnel.



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NOTE ON METHODOLOGY

The data presented came from the Excelsior survey carried out by Unioncamere in agreement with the National Agency for Active Labor Policies. The survey, which is included in the National Statistical Program (UCC-00007) among those that require a response, has been carried out on a monthly basis since 2017.

The information contained in this bulletin was acquired by processing all the information obtained through the monthly surveys carried out until August 2023, mainly using the CAWI compilation technique and carrying out approximately 275,000 interviews with companies, a representative sample of companies with employees to 2022 of the various industrial and service sectors. The estimate of the forecast of income flows is obtained by modeling the historical series of data taken from administrative sources on businesses and employment, appropriately integrated with the sample data relating to each monthly survey. Revenue (i.e. the number of employees and the flows of collaborators, temporary workers and other non-employed workers. The data relating to the forecasts for the entire year therefore no longer derive from a specific annual survey, but from the integrated processing of the available monthly surveys.

In this bulletin the analysis focuses mainly on the characteristics of the income planned for the year 2023, according to the professional profiles and levels of education required. There are also some qualitative comparisons with the 2022 data. The results of the survey are available at provincial and regional level according to a variable number of economic sectors, obtained as a merger of economic activity codes of the ATECO2007 classification. The distribution of expected revenue by "professional group" refers to the codes of the ISTAT CP2021 classification.

Excelsior Informa is created by Unioncamere in collaboration with ANPAL as part of the Excelsior Information System.

For further information, please consult the website: **http://excelsior.unioncamere.net** where data and analyzes relating to all regions and provinces are available.

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