







UNIONCAMERE

EXCELSIOR INFORMA

COMPANY EMPLOYMENT SCHEMES OBTAINED FROM THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE SYSTEM



Trentino Alto Adige

Year 2021

Introduction

In line with the climate of economic recovery characterising the current year, an increase in employment needs by the Italian business system is expected. In fact, 61% of the total number of companies with employees in industry and services plan to hire workers in 2021, a percentage that is returning to the pre-pandemic level, after a significant decline in 2020. The inflow expected in 2021 - with any contractual form - is approximately 4.6 million units, thereby fully returning to the 2019 levels. This rapid recovery is also accompanied by an increase in the difficulty companies experience in recruiting the professional profiles they are seeking, which involves almost a third of the expected inflow and which can also be attributed to a growing level of experience requested from candidates. The major problems in recruitment will mainly concern specialised profiles: managers and specialists with in-depth knowledge, also of a scientific nature (about 40% will be difficult to recruit) and above all skilled labourers (46%).

This publication focuses on the main characteristics of the inflow planned in the region for the year 2021.









EXPECTED INFLOW

COMPANIES HIRING

YOUNG PEOPLE

DIFFICULT TO RECRUIT

2021

159,530

73%

25%

42%

2020

100,190

59%

25%

39%

2019

148,120

70%

23%

34%

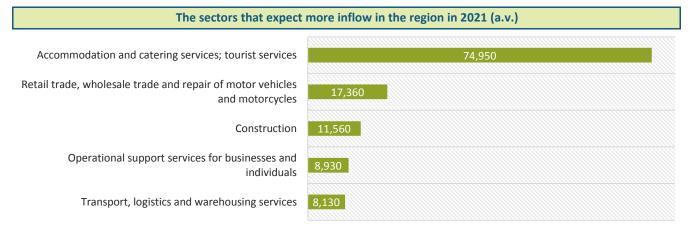
SUMMARY		Work opportunities in 2021 in the region		
			Expected inflow (a.v.)	% difficult to recruit
Company areas of inclusion and the main professions	page 2	Specialised labourers	16,700	59.7
Main characteristics of workers requested by the companies	page 3	Technical professions	14,490	53.6
Characteristics of inflow by age group	page 4	Managers and Intellectual, scientific and highly-spec. prof.	6,480	48.8
Skills requested	page 5	Skilled professions in commercial activities and services	66,720	42.1
Quifications that offer the greatest job opportunities	page 6	Plant operators and stationary and mobile machinery operators	14,340	40.8
Several characteristics of the companies	page 7	Office workers	13,340	30.7
Note on methodology	page 8	Unskilled professions	27,470	27.3

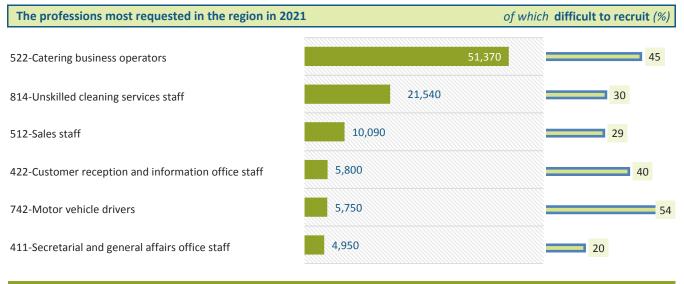
N.B. Due to the rounding off, the sum of the single percentage values may differ by 100. This note is valid for all the graphs in this bulletin that show percentage compositions.

COMPANY AREAS OF INCLUSION AND MAIN PROFESSIONS

This page shows the main company areas of inclusion, with several characteristics regarding inflow, and the professions most requested by companies for 2021 in the region. It should be noted that, unless otherwise specified, the professions indicated in the bulletin refer to the classification of professions of ISTAT CP2011 (3 digit).

Characteristics of expected inflow by business area in the region in 2021								
COMPANY AREA	INFLOW (a.v.)	% of total	% up to 29 years	% difficult to recruit				
Total	159,530	100.0	24.7	41.6				
Direction and General services areas	4,670	2.9	30.1	40.9				
Administrative areas	4,930	3.1	28.5	21.3				
Technical and planning areas	14,720	9.2	31.0	58.1				
Area of production of goods and provision of the service	97,660	61.2	21.5	41.8				
Commercial and sales areas	25,320	15.9	35.2	37.2				
Logistics areas	12,240	7.7	17.2	38.1				





MAIN CHARACTERISTICS OF WORKERS REQUESTED BY COMPANIES

The main characteristics of the incoming figures are summarised below, organised by sector. The data concerns the difficulties in recruiting, experience required, gender and type of contract requested; the figure for the region is compared with that of the geographical distribution and the national figure.

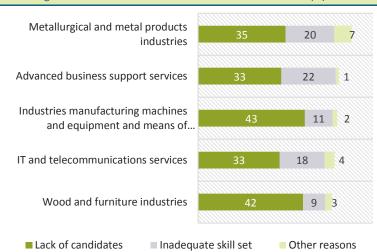
Difficulty in recruiting (%)	Reg.	North East	Italy
Total, of which:	41.6	38.6	32.2
for lack of candidates	28.8	21.8	16.2
due to inadequate skill set	9.2	13.1	12.8
for other reasons	3.7	3.7	3.2

Experience requested (%)	Reg.	North East	Italy
Total, of which:	64.2	65.8	68.7
in the profession	20.8	20.7	21.9
in the sector	43.4	45.0	46.8
non requested	35.8	34.2	31.3

The regional sectors...

...with greatest DIFFICULTIES IN RECRUITING and the reasons (%)

...that request specific work **EXPERIENCE** the most (%)





Gender requested (%)	Reg.	North East	Italy
Female	19.4	19.6	18.6
Male	24.6	34.4	34.0
equally suitable	56.0	46.0	47.3

Contracts proposed (% values)	Reg.	North East	Italy
Workers employed by the company	90.4	81.1	81.4
with a permanent contract	8.8	14.7	17.0
with a fixed-term contract	74.0	56.0	55.9
with other contracts	7.6	10.4	8.6
Company non-salaried workers	9.6	18.9	18.6
agency workers	3.6	12.1	9.8
coll. and other non-salaried empl.	6.0	6.7	8.8
coll. and other non-salaried empl.	6.0	6.7	8.8

The main sectors that expect inf	low of f	emale p	ersonnel (%)
Operational support services for businesses and individuals	32	17	51
Cultural, sports and other personal services	30	17	53
Healthcare, social assistance and private health services	25	6	70
Food, beverage and tobacco industries	24	35	42
Retail trade, wholesale trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	23	30	46
■ Female N	lale	equa	ally suitable

Other characteristics of	the inflow in the region (%)
As a replacement for outgoing personnel	35
Regarding new figures not already present in the company	38
Immigrant personnel	17
The figure will have to coordinate other people	19
Will have to apply innovative/creative solutions	22

CHARACTERISTICS OF INFLOW BY AGE GROUP

Expected inflow by age group in the region (%)

indifferent
43%

over 44 years
5%

% of young people up to 29 years against the total inflow:

24.7%

A specific detailed study concerns the age groups of the professional figures requested by companies in the region in 2021, with a detailed breakdown of the professions most requested and of the main business sectors that plan inflow from the younger segment, i.e. the figures with an age explicitly indicated by companies as "up to 29 years". The report that includes "difficulties in recruiting" offers key ideas for analysis with regard to the relationship between training and companies.

The professions with the greatest difficulty in recruiting young people

(expected inflow of young people - % share and a.v.)

	lifficulty in recruiting ntino Alto Adige reg		difficult to recruit young people	Inflow of young people
Cooks, waiters and other tourist services prof	essions	67%	2,160	3,210
Specialists in computer, physical and chemical s	ciences	65%	390	600
Designers, engineers and similar prof	essions	62%	340	550
Customer reception, information and assistan	ce staff	60%	290	480
Warehouse management, logistics and purchasi	ng staff	58%	1,620	2,800
IT, engineering or production tech	nnicians	55%	7,030	12,810
Doctors and other health spe	ecialists 54	1%	490	910
Administrative, financial and production mana	gement 5 experts	3%	880	1,670
Beauty treatment profes	ssionals 5	2%	570	1,110
Social welfare workers in institutions or a	t home 47	7%	630	1,330

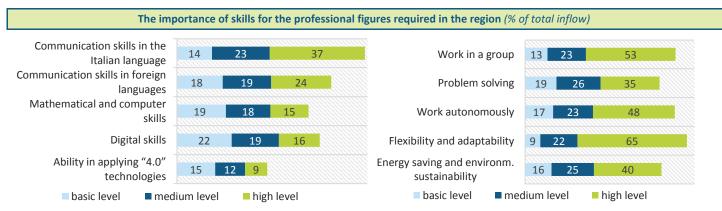
The main business sectors seeking young people in the region (%)

Accommodation and catering services; tourist services 22 54 Retail trade, wholesale trade and repair of motor vehicles and 35 28 motorcycles Construction 29 26 Metallurgical and metal products industries 46 20 Operational support services for businesses and individuals 14 ■ Up to 29 years ■ Indifferent ■ 30 years and over

The top sectors for inflow of young people up to 29 years have been selected, as an absolute value

SKILLS REQUESTED

A skill is the "proven ability to use, in work situations or in professional and personal development, a structured set of knowledge and skills acquired in formal, non-formal or informal learning contexts". This section analyses some of the main skills required by companies for incoming profiles, as well as an in-depth analysis of the main fields of study in the territory and the skills required for each of them.



The companies assign each skill a score from 0 (non-requested skill) to 4: the basic level corresponds to the percentage of companies that assign a score of 1 to that skill, the medium level a score of 2 and the high level a score of 3 or 4.

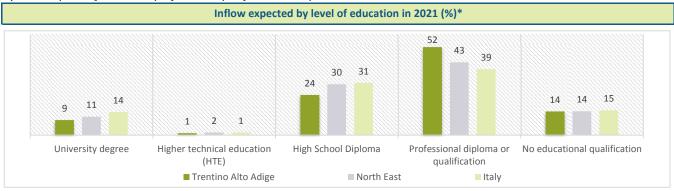
Skills considered of "high" importance according to the main fields of study in the region*										
Key:		So	ft		Green	Tech	nnologic	cal	Comm	unicative
from 1% to 33%				ability		and		ies to	any n	any gn
from 34% to 66%	group	olving	اsnomou	and adapt	ving and ental ility	matical a methods	skills	"4.0" technologies to wate processes	ate comp n in Italia	ate comp n in forei
from 67% to 100%	Work in a g	Problem solving	Work autonomously	Flexibility and adaptability	Energy saving and environmental sustainability	Use mathematical and computer methods an languages	Use digital skills	Use "4.0" technolog innovate processes	Communicate company information in Italian	Communicate company information in foreign languages
UNIVERSITY	80%	74%	63%	86%	31%	37%	59%	25%	57%	37%
Teaching and education specialisation	95%	76%	51%	84%	21%	15%	39%	7%	59%	20%
Economics specialisation	72%	71%	61%	84%	37%	47%	78%	29%	63%	49%
Electronics and information engineering specialisation	88%	96%	79%	92%	24%	90%	99%	84%	42%	41%
HIGHER TECHNICAL EDUCATION (HTE)	78%	69%	71%	79%	40%	32%	72%	23%	64%	50%
SECONDARY (5-year diploma)	60%	47%	51%	73%	40%	25%	30%	9%	45%	32%
Administration, finance and marketing specialisation	65%	58%	61%	76%	37%	31%	44%	7%	55%	39%
Tourism, food and wine and hospitality specialisation	65%	41%	53%	78%	46%	28%	26%	13%	72%	76%
Social and healthcare specialisation	45%	27%	33%	62%	39%	7%	3%	5%	26%	1%
Professional QUALIFICATION (3-year) or professional DIPLOMA (4-year)**	50%	26%	48%	61%	42%	9%	6%	7%	36%	23%
Catering specialisation	58%	24%	51%	62%	43%	8%	5%	7%	43%	33%
Promotion and reception services specialisation	42%	24%	47%	56%	50%	11%	10%	11%	37%	29%
Sales services specialisation	48%	19%	41%	59%	42%	12%	10%	3%	47%	25%

^{*} The skills with "high" importance are those to which the companies assign a score of 3 or 4.

^{**} The data refers to the potential inflow with a professional diploma or qualification. Please refer to the introductory text on page 6 "The fields of study that offer greatest job opportunities" for the definition of potential inflow.

FIELDS OF STUDY THAT OFFER THE GREATEST JOB OPPORTUNITIES

Below, there is some data related to the levels of education and qualifications most requested of the inflow of professional figures in 2021. Data on the demand for workers with professional diplomas or qualifications is presented based on two different approaches. In fact, in addition to workers with professional diplomas and qualifications expressly indicated ("explicit inflow"), companies are looking for workers who generically went through "compulsory education". With a specific in-depth study, there have been cases in which the request for workers who have generically gone through "compulsory education" was associated with professions for which there are three-year professional training courses formally included among the 26 in the State Regional Agreement of 1 August 2019. A further potential demand for professional qualifications was thus identified and, when added to the demand explicitly expressed by the companies as part of the survey, provides an overall estimate of the "potential inflow" expected by the companies for which a professional qualification is required.

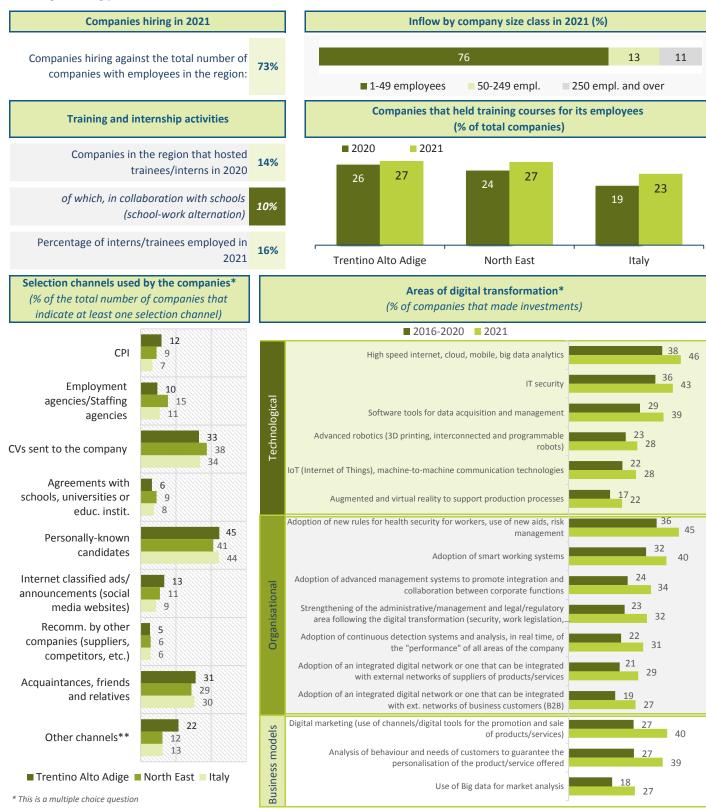


^{*} The data regarding Professional diplomas or qualifications refers to potential inflow

The	tields of study most h	nighly requested in the I	egion		
		Expected inflow (a.v.)	% of the total	% difficult to recruit	% with experience
Jniversity		14,130	9%	46%	89%
of whom with post-graduate education		1,954	14%	50%	95%
Teaching and education specialisation			3,78	46%	92%
Economics specialisation			3,320	31%	85%
Electronics and information engineering specialisation	(/1)	140		76%	92%
Higher technical education (HTE)		1,680	1%	60%	85%
SECONDARY (5-year diploma)		37,960	24%	39%	64%
Administration, finance and marketing specialisation			11,090	35%	55%
Tourism, food and wine and hospitality specialisation		6,830		24%	79%
Social and healthcare specialisation		4,560		43%	61%
Professional qualification (3-year) or	explicit inflow	56,140	35%	48%	69%
professional diploma (4-year)	potential inflow	83,350	52 %	44%	65%
Catering specialisation		27,930	43,130	47%	70%
Promotion and reception services specialisation	0,400			40%	53%
Sales services specialisation	2,850		icit inflow		
·	6,300		ential inflow	22%	44%
	explicit inflow	e percentages of difficult to reci 49,620	ruit inflow and inflow 31%	with experience refe	r to potential infl 51%
lo educational qualification	potential inflow	22,410	14%	34% 31%	47%

SEVERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE COMPANIES

This page presents several characteristics of the companies that are hiring, highlighting the relative share of the total number of companies with employees present in the region, and detailed breakdown by size class. The training carried out by companies for their employees in 2020 and 2021 and the share of companies that hosted trainees/interns in 2020 is also analysed. The page also presents some data on the investments made by companies in the various areas of digital transformation in 2021 and on the channels for selecting incoming personnel.



in newspapers, labour consultants, other channel

^{**}Trade associations/trade unions, classified ads/announcements * Companies that declared they made investments of high importance for corporate strategies in the 2016-2020 period and in 2021 in relation to each aspect of digital transformation

Note on methodology:

The data presented comes from the Excelsior survey carried out by Unioncamere in agreement with the National Agency for Active Labour Policies (ANPAL). The survey, which is included in the National Statistical Programme (UCC-00007) among those that imply an obligatory response, has been carried out on a monthly basis since 2017.

The information contained in this bulletin was acquired by processing all the information obtained through the monthly surveys carried out up until August 2021, mainly by using the compilation technique in CAWI mode, carrying out approximately 282,500 interviews at companies, a representative sample of companies with employees in 2020 in the various industrial and service sectors. The main innovation introduced, starting from the 2017 survey, concerns the adoption of specific modelling of the historical series of data, obtained from administrative sources on businesses and employment and appropriately integrated with the sample data relative to each monthly survey, in order to assess the forecasted inflow. The concept of inflow (i.e. the number of work contracts that companies intend to enter into within a given period) and their relative characteristics has also been extended to the flow of collaborators, agency workers, and other non-salaried workers, in addition to the employment of salaried workers. The data regarding the forecast for the entire year therefore no longer come from a specific annual survey, but from the integrated processing of the available monthly surveys.

The projection of the data from the monthly surveys and the strengthening of the integration between these and the administrative data, through a forecast model, as previously mentioned, allow comparisons with the forecasts made in the years prior to 2017 only in trend and qualitative terms. In this bulletin, the analysis focuses mainly on the characteristics of the planned inflow in 2021, according to the professional profiles and levels of education requested. The results of the survey are available at provincial and regional level according to a variable number of economic sectors, obtained as a grouping of economic activity codes of the ATECO2007 classification. The distribution of inflow envisaged by "professional group" refers to the codes of the ISTAT CP2011 classification.

Excelsior Informa is created by Unioncamere in collaboration with ANPAL as part of the Excelsior Information System.

For in-depth information, refer to the following website: http://excelsior.unioncamere.net where data and analyses referring to all the regions and all the provinces is available.

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