







UNIONCAMERE

EXCELSIOR INFORMA

COMPANY EMPLOYMENT SCHEMES OBTAINED FROM THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE SYSTEM



Basilicata Year 2021

Introduction

In line with the climate of economic recovery characterising the current year, an increase in employment needs by the Italian business system is expected. In fact, 61% of the total number of companies with employees in industry and services plan to hire workers in 2021, a percentage that is returning to the pre-pandemic level, after a significant decline in 2020. The inflow expected in 2021 - with any contractual form - is approximately 4.6 million units, thereby fully returning to the 2019 levels. This rapid recovery is also accompanied by an increase in the difficulty companies experience in recruiting the professional profiles they are seeking, which involves almost a third of the expected inflow and which can also be attributed to a growing level of experience requested from candidates. The major problems in recruitment will mainly concern specialised profiles: managers and specialists with in-depth knowledge, also of a scientific nature (about 40% will be difficult to recruit) and above all skilled labourers (46%).

This publication focuses on the main characteristics of the inflow planned in the region for the year 2021.









YOUNG PEOPLE **EXPECTED INFLOW COMPANIES HIRING** DIFFICULT TO RECRUIT 2021 33,930 63% 24% **29%** 22,670 2020 26% 26% 34,010 2019 62% 27% 21%

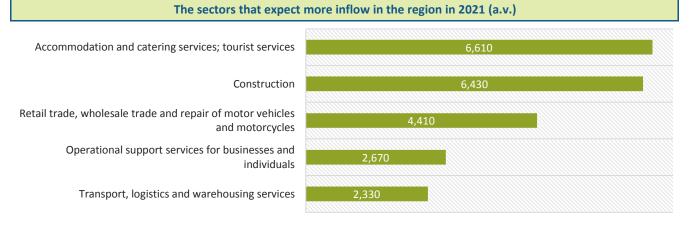
SUMMARY		Work opportunities in 2021 in the region					
			Expected inflow (a.v.)	% diffic			
Company areas of inclusion and the main professions	page 2	Technical professions	3,000		42.9		
Main characteristics of workers requested by the companies	page 3	Managers and Intellectual, scientific and highly-spec. prof.	1,260		39.0		
Characteristics of inflow by age group	page 4	Specialised labourers		7,990	36.7		
Skills requested	page 5	Skilled professions in commercial activities and services	9,	260	29.2		
Quifications that offer the greatest job opportunities	page 6	Plant operators and stationary and mobile machinery operators	5,370		25.1		
Several characteristics of the companies	page 7	Office workers	2,080		19.1		
Note on methodology	page 8	Unskilled professions	4,960		12.7		

N.B. Due to the rounding off, the sum of the single percentage values may differ by 100. This note is valid for all the graphs in this bulletin that show percentage compositions.

COMPANY AREAS OF INCLUSION AND MAIN PROFESSIONS

This page shows the main company areas of inclusion, with several characteristics regarding inflow, and the professions most requested by companies for 2021 in the region. It should be noted that, unless otherwise specified, the professions indicated in the bulletin refer to the classification of professions of ISTAT CP2011 (3 digit).

Characteristics of expected inflow by business area in the region in 2021								
COMPANY AREA	INFLOW (a.v.)	% of total	% up to 29 years	% difficult to recruit				
Total	33,930	100.0	23.8	28.9				
Direction and General services areas	760	2.3	31.2	28.0				
Administrative areas	1,030	3.0	20.8	24.1				
Technical and planning areas	6,030	17.8	19.1	38.3				
Area of production of goods and provision of the service	16,610	48.9	21.7	27.5				
Commercial and sales areas	5,200	15.3	41.7	26.1				
Logistics areas	4,300	12.7	16.2	25.6				





MAIN CHARACTERISTICS OF WORKERS REQUESTED BY COMPANIES

The main characteristics of the incoming figures are summarised below, organised by sector. The data concerns the difficulties in recruiting, experience required, gender and type of contract requested; the figure for the region is compared with that of the geographical distribution and the national figure.

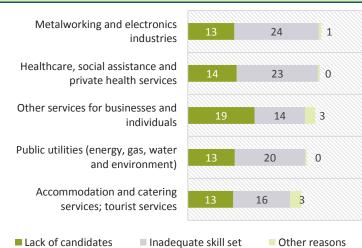
		South	
Difficulty in recruiting (%)	Reg.	and	Italy
		islands	
Total, of which:	28.9	26.6	32.2
for lack of candidates	12.3	12.0	16.2
due to inadequate skill set	14.8	12.1	12.8
for other reasons	1.8	2.5	3.2

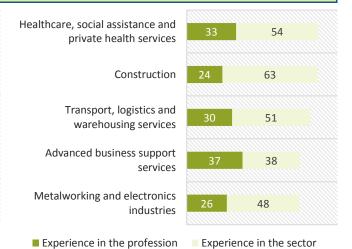
		South	
Experience requested (%)	Reg.	and	Italy
		islands	
Total, of which:	71.3	71.3	68.7
in the profession	20.7	21.5	21.9
in the sector	50.5	49.8	46.8
non requested	28.7	28.7	31.3

The regional sectors...

...with greatest **DIFFICULTIES IN RECRUITING** and the reasons (%)

...that request specific work **EXPERIENCE** the most (%)





South

Gender requested (%)	Reg.	South and islands	Italy
Female	18.8	18.0	18.6
Male	45.3	36.1	34.0
equally suitable	35.9	45.9	47.3

		Jouth	
Contracts proposed (% values)	Reg.	and	Italy
		islands	
Workers employed by the company	87.5	86.2	81.4
with a permanent contract	14.5	15.3	17.0
with a fixed-term contract	66.8	64.8	55.9
with other contracts	6.2	6.1	8.6
Company non-salaried workers	12.5	13.8	18.6
agency workers	5.2	4.2	9.8
coll. and other non-salaried empl.	7.3	9.6	8.8

The main sectors that expect in	flow of fe	male per	rsonnel (%)
Healthcare, social assistance and private health services	44	6	50
Retail trade, wholesale trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles	32	35	34
Cultural, sports and other personal services	31	28	41
Operational support services for businesses and individuals	31	23	46
Accommodation and catering services; tourist services	25	22	54
■ Female ■ N	1ale	■ equal	ly suitable

Other characteristics of	Other characteristics of the inflow in the region (%)								
As a replacement for outgoing personnel	27								
Regarding new figures not already present in the company	45								
Immigrant personnel	11								
The figure will have to coordinate other people	17								
Will have to apply innovative/creative solutions	20								

CHARACTERISTICS OF INFLOW BY AGE GROUP

expected inflow by age group in the region (%) up to 29 years 24% 28% over 44 years 10% 30-44 years 38%

% of young people up to 29 years against the total inflow:

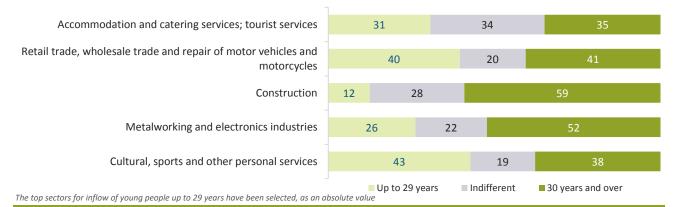
23.8%

A specific detailed study concerns the age groups of the professional figures requested by companies in the region in 2021, with a detailed breakdown of the professions most requested and of the main business sectors that plan inflow from the younger segment, i.e. the figures with an age explicitly indicated by companies as "up to 29 years". The report that includes "difficulties in recruiting" offers key ideas for analysis with regard to the relationship between training and companies.

The professions with the greatest difficulty in recruiting young people (expected inflow of young people - % share and a.v.)

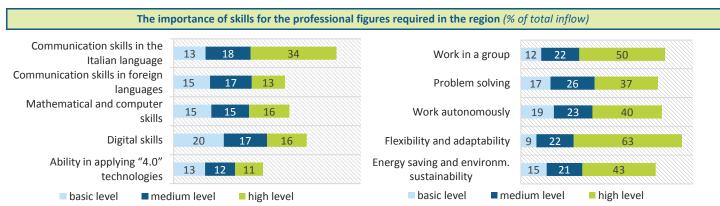
	Average difficulty in Basilicato	recruiting young ı region 29%	people	difficult to recruit young people	Inflow of young people
Social welfare workers in ins	titutions or at home	57%		70	120
Doctors and oth	er health specialists	57%		90	160
Administrative, financial and prod	uction management experts	55%		120	220
Pharmacists, biologists and other life	e sciences specialists	46%		70	150
Cooks, waiters and other tourist	services professions	45%		430	950
Designers, engineers and	d similar professions	39%		70	180
Warehouse management, logistics	and purchasing staff	35%		200	570
Shop assistants and other skilled per	sonnel in large-scale distribution	33%		70	210
Administrative, secretarial and g	eneral services staff	31%		100	320
Customer reception, information	and assistance staff	31%		40	120

The main business sectors seeking young people in the region (%)



SKILLS REQUESTED

A skill is the "proven ability to use, in work situations or in professional and personal development, a structured set of knowledge and skills acquired in formal, non-formal or informal learning contexts". This section analyses some of the main skills required by companies for incoming profiles, as well as an in-depth analysis of the main fields of study in the territory and the skills required for each of them.



The companies assign each skill a score from 0 (non-requested skill) to 4: the basic level corresponds to the percentage of companies that assign a score of 1 to that skill, the medium level a score of 2 and the high level a score of 3 or 4.

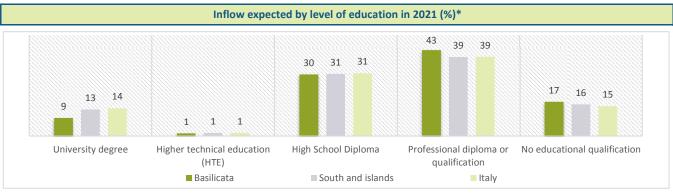
Skills considered of "high	h" impo	rtance	accordin	g to the I	main fields of	study in t	he regio	n*		
Key:		S	oft		Green	Tec	hnologi	ical	Comm	unicative
from 1% to 33%			>	tability	-	and		gies to	oany In	oany ign
from 34% to 66%	group	olving	snomons	and adap	saving and nmental ability	ematical a methods	l skills	"4.0" technologies to vate processes	cate comp on in Italia	cate comp on in forei
from 67% to 100%	Work in a	Problem solving	Work autonomously	Flexibility and adaptability	Energy saving a environmental sustainability	Use mathematical and computer methods an languages	Use digital skills	Use "4.0" technolog innovate processes	Communicate company information in Italian	Communicate company information in foreign languages
UNIVERSITY	77%	77%	66%	81%	46%	46%	64%	29%	54%	37%
Economics specialisation	79%	81%	70%	85%	51%	48%	69%	33%	60%	43%
Teaching and education specialisation	66%	82%	70%	85%	36%	26%	41%	5%	62%	24%
Civil engineering and architecture specialisation	90%	88%	77%	86%	54%	53%	92%	42%	42%	35%
HIGHER TECHNICAL EDUCATION (HTE)	66%	70%	64%	67%	58%	40%	60%	43%	67%	46%
SECONDARY (5-year diploma)	55%	43%	44%	70%	48%	18%	25%	13%	40%	16%
Administration, finance and marketing specialisation	53%	46%	50%	75%	46%	21%	45%	10%	54%	19%
Mechanics, mechatronics and energy specialisation	41%	38%	35%	61%	45%	11%	6%	16%	19%	2%
Tourism, food and wine and hospitality specialisation	61%	42%	52%	67%	50%	28%	20%	20%	50%	51%
Professional QUALIFICATION (3-year) or professional DIPLOMA (4-year)**	48%	28%	37%	60%	41%	11%	5%	7%	30%	11%
Catering specialisation	54%	26%	50%	73%	47%	16%	2%	5%	48%	27%
Building specialisation	40%	21%	30%	46%	7%	0%	5%	0%	19%	0%
Mechanical specialisation	42%	23%	24%	60%	36%	6%	4%	8%	11%	1%

^{*} The skills with "high" importance are those to which the companies assign a score of 3 or 4.

^{**} The data refers to the potential inflow with a professional diploma or qualification. Please refer to the introductory text on page 6 "The fields of study that offer greatest job opportunities" for the definition of potential inflow.

FIELDS OF STUDY THAT OFFER THE GREATEST JOB OPPORTUNITIES

Below, there is some data related to the levels of education and qualifications most requested of the inflow of professional figures in 2021. Data on the demand for workers with professional diplomas or qualifications is presented based on two different approaches. In fact, in addition to workers with professional diplomas and qualifications expressly indicated ("explicit inflow"), companies are looking for workers who generically went through "compulsory education". With a specific in-depth study, there have been cases in which the request for workers who have generically gone through "compulsory education" was associated with professions for which there are three-year professional training courses formally included among the 26 in the State Regional Agreement of 1 August 2019. A further potential demand for professional qualifications was thus identified and, when added to the demand explicitly expressed by the companies as part of the survey, provides an overall estimate of the "potential inflow" expected by the companies for which a professional qualification is required.



* The data regarding Professional diplomas or qualifications refers to potential inflow

No educational qualification

The	tields of study most	highly requested in the	region		
		Expected inflow	% of the	% difficult to	% with
		(a.v.)	total	recruit	experience
Jniversity		3,020	9%	44%	86%
of whom with post-graduate education		547	18%	46%	92%
Economics specialisation				760 40%	72 %
Teaching and education specialisation		460		51%	95%
Civil engineering and architecture specialisation		410		26%	95%
Higher technical education (HTE)		430	1%	32%	75%
SECONDARY (5-year diploma)		10,320	30%	27%	72%
Administration, finance and marketing specialisation			2,7	20 17 %	60%
Mechanics, mechatronics and energy specialisation		1,500		25%	75%
Tourism, food and wine and hospitality specialisation		1,330		32%	83%
Professional qualification (3-year) or	explicit inflow potential inflow	9,050 14,430	27% 43%	35% 30%	78% 74%
Catering specialisation		2,410	3,660	36%	74%
Building specialisation		1,690	430	25%	84%
Mechanical specialisation	1,12		licit inflow ential inflow	36%	78%
	TI	he percentages of difficult to rec	ruit inflow and inflo		
	explicit inflow	11,110	33%	21%	61%
lo educational qualification		•			

5,730

17%

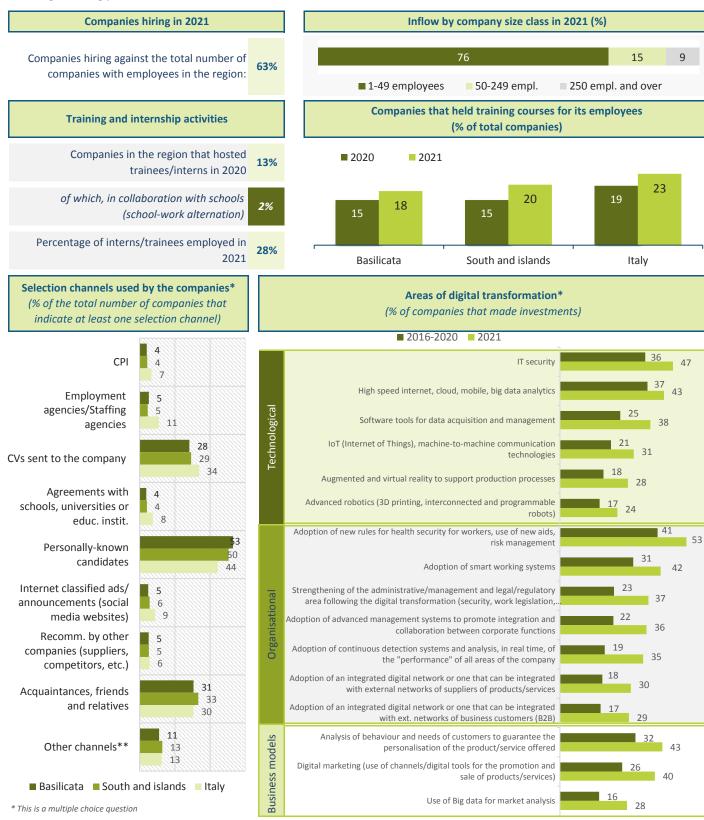
21%

55%

potential inflow

SEVERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE COMPANIES

This page presents several characteristics of the companies that are hiring, highlighting the relative share of the total number of companies with employees present in the region, and detailed breakdown by size class. The training carried out by companies for their employees in 2020 and 2021 and the share of companies that hosted trainees/interns in 2020 is also analysed. The page also presents some data on the investments made by companies in the various areas of digital transformation in 2021 and on the channels for selecting incoming personnel.



in newspapers, labour consultants, other channel

^{**}Trade associations/trade unions, classified ads/announcements * Companies that declared they made investments of high importance for corporate strategies in the 2016-2020 period and in 2021 in relation to each aspect of digital transformation

Note on methodology:

The data presented comes from the Excelsior survey carried out by Unioncamere in agreement with the National Agency for Active Labour Policies (ANPAL). The survey, which is included in the National Statistical Programme (UCC-00007) among those that imply an obligatory response, has been carried out on a monthly basis since 2017.

The information contained in this bulletin was acquired by processing all the information obtained through the monthly surveys carried out up until August 2021, mainly by using the compilation technique in CAWI mode, carrying out approximately 282,500 interviews at companies, a representative sample of companies with employees in 2020 in the various industrial and service sectors. The main innovation introduced, starting from the 2017 survey, concerns the adoption of specific modelling of the historical series of data, obtained from administrative sources on businesses and employment and appropriately integrated with the sample data relative to each monthly survey, in order to assess the forecasted inflow. The concept of inflow (i.e. the number of work contracts that companies intend to enter into within a given period) and their relative characteristics has also been extended to the flow of collaborators, agency workers, and other non-salaried workers, in addition to the employment of salaried workers. The data regarding the forecast for the entire year therefore no longer come from a specific annual survey, but from the integrated processing of the available monthly surveys.

The projection of the data from the monthly surveys and the strengthening of the integration between these and the administrative data, through a forecast model, as previously mentioned, allow comparisons with the forecasts made in the years prior to 2017 only in trend and qualitative terms. In this bulletin, the analysis focuses mainly on the characteristics of the planned inflow in 2021, according to the professional profiles and levels of education requested. The results of the survey are available at provincial and regional level according to a variable number of economic sectors, obtained as a grouping of economic activity codes of the ATECO2007 classification. The distribution of inflow envisaged by "professional group" refers to the codes of the ISTAT CP2011 classification.

Excelsior Informa is created by Unioncamere in collaboration with ANPAL as part of the Excelsior Information System.

For in-depth information, refer to the following website: **http://excelsior.unioncamere.net** where data and analyses referring to all the regions and all the provinces is available.

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